

Abundance trend of Southern Hemisphere minke whales in Areas IV and V obtained from JARPA data

Takashi Hakamada, Koji Matsuoka, Shigetoshi Nishiwaki, Hiroto Murase and Syoiti Tanaka

The Institute of Cetacean Research

4-18 Toyomi-cho Chuo-ku Tokyo, 104-0055 Japan

Contact e-mail: hakamada@i-cetacean-r.or.jp

Abstract

To estimate the abundance trend of the Southern Hemisphere minke whales, we used JARPA sighting data obtained in Areas IV and V (1989/90-2000/01 for Sighting and Sampling Vessels (SSV) and 1991/92-2000/01 for dedicated Sighting Vessel (SV)). At the 52nd IWC/SC meeting, there was agreement that the estimates from closing mode on IDCR/SOWER surveys and JARPA SV could be used in the same way (IWC, 2001). Therefore, we estimated abundance estimates obtained from sighting data of SV as an index of relative abundance. Because there were longer time series for SSV data than SV data, we also estimated a ratio of school density for SSV to that for SV to convert abundance from SSV to SV ('pseudo' SV). We calculated inverse-variance weighted average of the abundance obtained from SV and 'pseudo' SV as a relative abundance index. Estimated abundance trends are -0.04% per year in Area IV and 0.83% per year in Area V. Results of regression analyses showed that neither significant increase nor decrease was observed in Areas IV and V respectively.

Key Words ANTARCTIC MINKE WHALE, TRENDS, ABUNDANCE ESTIMATE, INDEX OF ABUNDANCE

Introduction

IWC/IDCR-SOWER program for minke whale assessment have been conducted since 1978/79 in the whole Antarctic baleen whale management Areas. Abundance estimates of Southern Hemisphere minke whales in the 3rd circumpolar series (still continued) is less than in the 1st and 2nd circumpolar series, and therefore it is questioned whether the abundance is decreasing or not. JARPA survey is conducted in Areas IV and V every two year. As the JARPA surveys have been conducted consistently in the same area, its sighting data must be suitable for estimation of abundance trend. At the JARPA review meeting in 1997, it was pointed out that bias of abundance estimate results from the higher-density-under-surveying feature of the JARPA survey design. Since then, some analyses to examine appropriate methods of adjusting the abundance estimates was conducted (Tanaka, 1999, Clarke *et al.*, 1999, 2000). Clarke *et al.*

(1999, 2000) investigated the performance of GAM-based estimator by simulation. At the 52nd IWC/SC meeting, in the light of their simulation results and the similarity of closing mode on IWC/IDCR-SOWER surveys and JARPA SV mode, there was agreement that estimates from these two modes could be used in the same way (IWC, 2001). Therefore, in order to estimate the abundance trend of minke whales, we estimated abundance estimates obtained from JARPA SV data as relative indices of abundance.

Unlike SV, SSVs have conducted sighting survey since JARPA commenced, so there are longer time series of sighting data of SSVs than SV. If we could adjust abundance estimates using SSVs appropriately to the SV, they would be more useful to estimate the trend than SV. In order to conduct preliminary study to correct abundance obtained from SSVs, a ratio of school density for SSV to that for SV was estimated as a correction factor R and was used to convert SSV to SV. We used the method described in Haw (1991). Furthermore, inverse-variance-weighted averages of converted SSV and SV abundance for all year were calculated to estimate abundance trend.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Survey area

Area IV are divided into 5 strata; North-East (NE), North-West (NW), South-East (SE), South-West (SW) and Prydz Bay. Area V are divided into 4 strata; North-East (NE), North-West (NW), South-East (SE) and South-West (SW). SE in Area V includes Ross Sea. More details in stratification are given by Nishiwaki *et al.* (2001). Abundance was estimated for each stratum. Fig. 1 shows track line on effort and position of primary sighting of school of minke whale. This figure shows that the searching effort uniformly covered Areas IV and V every year.

Sighting Vessel (SV) and Sighting and Sampling Vessel (SSV)

From 1991/92 season, one sighting vessel was devoted to sighting only for the purpose of investigating the effect of sampling activity on abundance estimates. Until 1994/95 season, one vessel out of three had acted as a SV and the rest had acted as SSVs. Since 1995/96 season, one vessel have acted as a SV and three vessels have acted as SSVs. Because SV does not conduct sampling whereas SSVs do, searching distance per one vessel is likely to be longer than that of SSV. On the one hand, because SSVs takes one or two hours to take one sample including closing, the more school is detected, the much time is allocated to sampling activity. On the other hand, SV only closes when a school is detected and it takes at most half an hour until the survey is resumed. For this reason, searching effort per one vessel of SV is much longer than that of SSV in high-density area.

Predetermined distance per day

To conduct the survey in all strata in the schedule, predetermined distance per day is set. If vessels cannot achieve the predetermined distance in a day, they proceed the rest of the distance without surveying to the

starting point of the next day survey. As explained in the previous paragraph, SSVs sometimes spend so much time on sampling activity that they need go along track line during night without surveying. Contrary, SV spends time on only closing therefore it rarely move forward during night. For example, in 1992/93 season, proceed distance during night is 351.0 n.miles out of 5509.0 n.miles for SV, 4276.9 n.miles out of 10948.6 n.miles for SSV. Such distance probably became shorter than 1992/93 season because predetermined daily distance was shorten since 1993/94. This means that the JARPA sighting survey engaged by SV is very similar to closing mode on the IWC IDCR/SOWER, which is one of the basis for regarding SV abundance as a relative abundance index.

The detail of the survey methodology is described in Nishiwaki *et al.* (2001).

Abundance estimation

Methodology of abundance estimation used in this study was described Burt and Stahl (2000) which is the standard methodology adopted by IWC. The program DISTANCE (Buckland *et al.*, 1993) was used for abundance estimation. Following formula was used for abundance estimation.

$$P = \frac{AE(s)n}{2wL} \quad (1)$$

Where

P = abundance estimate

A = area of stratum

$E(s)$ = estimated mean school size

N = numbers of schools primary sightings

W = effective search half-width for schools

L = search effort

The CV of P is calculated as follows

$$CV(P) = \sqrt{\{CV(\frac{n}{L})\}^2 + \{CV(E(s))\}^2 + \{CV(w)\}^2} \quad (2)$$

Assuming abundance is log-normally distributed, 95% confidential interval of the abundance estimate was calculated as $(P/C, CP)$ where

$$C = \exp(Z_{0.025} \sqrt{\log_e [1 + \{CV(P)\}^2]}) \quad (3)$$

$Z_{0.025}$ represents 2.5-percentage point of standard normal distribution. To see more detail, please refer to, for example, Buckland *et al.* (1993) or Branch and Butterworth (2001).

Distance and angle estimation experiment

To correct biases of distance and angle estimation, distance and angle estimation experiment was

conducted on each vessel. Bias was estimated for each platform (Table 1). Linear regression models with standard error proportional to true (radar) distance were conducted to detect significant bias of estimated distance at 5% level. In order to correct significant biases, estimated distance was divided by the estimated slope through the origin. Linear regression models with constant variance were conducted to detect significant bias of estimated angle at 5% level. In order to correct significant biases, estimated angle was divided by the estimated slope through the origin.

Smearing and truncation

The radial distance and angle data for each sighting are smeared using the method II of Buckland and Anganuzzi (1988). Smearing parameter was shown in Table 2. After smearing, the perpendicular distance distribution is truncated at 1.5 n.miles. The smeared and truncated number of detection was substitute to formula (1).

Effective search half-width

Hazard rate model with no adjustment terms was used as a detection function model. It was assumed that $g(0)$ is 1 (i.e. Probability of detection of whale on the track line is 1.). Effective search half-width was estimated for each stratum.

Mean school size

Only the sightings for which school size is confirmed are used for estimation. We used the method of estimation of mean school size described Buckland *et al.* (1993). Regression of log of school size on $g(x)$ was conducted to estimate mean school size. If the regression coefficient was not significant at 15% level, mean of observed school size was substituted to formula (1). If estimated school size is less than 1, mean of observed school size was substituted to formula (1) even if the regression coefficient was significant.

Stratification

SV abundance was estimated for each stratum and SSV abundance was estimated for each track line. SSV abundance for each stratum was estimated by effort-weighted average of that for each track line.

Estimation correction factor R

A ratio of school density D_i for SSV to that for SV was estimated by using the method of Haw (1991). R was estimated for each stratum by calculating inverse-variance-weighted average of R -values for all years:

$$\overline{\ln R} = \sum_i \frac{\text{Var}(\ln R_i)}{\sum_j \text{Var}(R_j)} \ln R_i \quad (4-1)$$

$$\text{Var}(\overline{\ln R}) = \left\{ \sum_i \text{Var}(R_i) \right\}^{-1} \quad (4-2)$$

$$R = \exp(\overline{\ln R} + \text{Var}(\overline{\ln R})/2) \quad (4-3)$$

$$\text{se}(R) = \sqrt{R\{\exp(\text{Var}(\overline{\ln R})) - 1\}} \quad (4-4)$$

$$\text{where } R_i = \frac{D_{s,i,SSV}}{D_{s,i,SV}} \quad (4-5)$$

$$\text{CV}(R_i) = \sqrt{\{\text{CV}(D_{s,i,SSV})\}^2 + \{\text{CV}(D_{s,i,SV})\}^2} \quad (4-6)$$

$$\text{Var}(\ln R_i) = \ln[\{\text{CV}(R_i)\}^2 - 1] \quad (4-7)$$

R for whole Area IV and whole Area V also estimated by 'super-strata' method described by Haw (1991). To conduct this method, D_s for 'super-strata' (weighted by Area of each stratum) is estimated by

$$W_i = \frac{A_i}{\sum_i A_i} \quad (5-1)$$

$$\bar{D} = \frac{1}{2w} \sum_i W_i \left(\frac{n}{L} \right)_i \quad (5-2)$$

$$\text{CV}(\bar{D}) = \sqrt{\{\text{CV}(\hat{w})\}^2 + \frac{\sum_i W_i^2 \left(\frac{n}{L} \right)_i^2 \left[\text{CV} \left\{ \left(\frac{n}{L} \right)_i \right\} \right]^2}{\left\{ \sum_i W_i \left(\frac{n}{L} \right)_i \right\}^2}} \quad (5-3)$$

where w is pooled estimate of effective search half-width. R for 'super-strata' is estimated similarly.

Abundance estimate for 'Pseudo SV' and combined abundance

For the purpose of adjusting SSV abundance that might be affected by sampling activity, SSV abundance was divided by estimated R. CV of 'Pseudo SV' abundance was calculated by

$$\text{CV}(P_{\text{Pseudo}}) = \sqrt{\{\text{CV}(P_{\text{SSV}})\}^2 + \{\text{CV}(R)\}^2} \quad (6-1)$$

Next, inverse-variance-weighted average of P_{Pseudo} and P_{SSV} and its CV was calculated by following formula,

$$P_{combined} = \frac{\text{Var}(P_{Pseudo})P_{SV} + \text{Var}(P_{SV})P_{Pseudo}}{\text{Var}(P_{SV}) + \text{Var}(P_{Pseudo})} \quad (6-2)$$

$$\text{CV}(P_{combined}) = \frac{\sqrt{\{\text{Var}(P_{Pseudo})\}^2 \text{Var}(P_{SV}) + \{\text{Var}(P_{SV})\}^2 \text{Var}(P_{Pseudo})}}{\{\text{Var}(P_{SV}) + \text{Var}(P_{Pseudo})\}P_{combined}} \quad (6-3)$$

Estimation of trend

At first, abundance trend was estimated using the time series of SV abundance estimate in Areas IV and V respectively. Linear regression log of abundance on year was conducted to estimate simultaneous increasing rate and its 95% confidential interval. The result suggests that trend estimates using SV abundance is not precious enough, therefore, similarly, abundance trend was estimated from time series of combined abundance. It should be taken into consideration that combined abundance estimates are not independent because they were calculated using common R estimated from abundance estimate for all year. To overcome this difficulty, Monte Carlo Simulation was conducted.

Monte Carlo simulation

We denote SSV abundance estimate in year y as $P_{1,y}$ and SV abundance in year y as $P_{2,y}$. Superscript p indicate that it was Pseudo data. Pseudo data set was produced according to equations (7-1) – (7-6).

$$(\sigma_{1,y})^2 = \ln(1 + \{\text{CV}(P_{1,y})\}^2) \quad (7-1)$$

$$(\sigma_{2,y})^2 = \ln(1 + \{\text{CV}(P_{2,y})\}^2) \quad (7-2)$$

$$P_{1,y}^p = P_{1,y} \exp(\varepsilon_{1,y}^p) \quad \text{where } \varepsilon_{1,y}^p \text{ is a random number from } N(0, (\sigma_{1,y})^2) \quad (7-3)$$

$$P_{2,y}^p = P_{2,y} \exp(\varepsilon_{2,y}^p) \quad \text{where } \varepsilon_{2,y}^p \text{ is a random number from } N(0, (\sigma_{2,y})^2) \quad (7-4)$$

and for the simplicity, it was assumed that CV of $P_{i,y}^p$ ($i = 1,2$) is constant. Standard errors of $P_{i,y}^p$ ($i = 1,2$) are calculated by

$$\text{se}(P_{1,y}^p) = P_{1,y}^p \text{CV}(P_{1,y}) \quad (7-5)$$

$$\text{se}(P_{2,y}^p) = P_{2,y}^p \text{CV}(P_{2,y}) \quad (7-6)$$

Combined abundance estimate calculated from the Pseudo data set and estimated trend similarly.

This procedure was repeated 99 times. 95% confidential interval of estimated slope was estimated by (a_5, a_{95}) where a_i is the i th slope estimated from produced data set arranging increasing order.

RESULTS

Table 3 and 4 show the SSV abundance estimates for each stratum in Areas IV and V respectively. Table 5 and 6 show the SV abundance estimates for each stratum in Areas IV and V respectively. Fig. 2 shows yearly change of the abundance for SSV and SV. The tendency to increase or decrease is not observed. Total of abundance estimates in Area IV and Area V were summarized in Table 11. Yearly change of these estimates is shown in Fig. 2. In Area IV, SV abundance is higher than SSV abundance in some of the seasons but SV abundance is almost same as SSV abundance in the other seasons. In Area V, SV abundance is higher than SSV abundance in first 3 seasons but SV abundance is almost same as SSV abundance in the last 2 seasons.

Values of R for each stratum in Area IV are shown Table 7. They used for estimation of average R in Area IV. Estimate of R in Area IV for 'super-stratum' and each stratum is listed in Table 8. Values of R for each stratum in Area V are shown Table 9. Estimate of R in Area V for 'super-stratum' and each stratum is listed in Table 10. Most of the estimated R is close to 1 except in SW in Area V. It suggests that effect of sampling activity on abundance estimate is smaller than we had expected. Estimated R using R for 'super-strata' in Areas IV and V is 0.926 (CV=0.109). It was used for calculate 'Pseudo SV' abundance and combined abundance. These abundance estimates are shown in Table 11. Combined abundance seems to be close to SSV abundance because R estimate is close to 1 and CV of SSV abundance is smaller than that of SV abundance.

Estimated abundance trend using SV abundance and combined abundance with their 95% confidential interval are shown in Table 12 respectively. The former is 2.71% in Area IV and is -4.21% in Area V and the latter is -0.04% in Area IV and is 0.83% in Area V. In all case, 95% confidential interval includes 0 (i.e. Estimated trend is not significantly different from 0.). The results indicate that significant increase or decrease was not observed since 1989/90 season.

DISCUSSIONS

Relation between the abundance estimate and ice-edge

,Most of Prydz Bay in 1997/98 season and most of Ross Sea (part of SE stratum in Area V) in 1998/99 season were not able to survey due to hard pack ice. Therefore, abundance estimate in northern strata is more than usual. This suggests that whales that could not migrate Prydz bay or Ross Sea due to hard pack ice were distributed in the Northern strata. The reason why abundance estimate in 1997/98 were less than usual is that whales might migrate to Area III because they could not moved into Prydz Bay or that they might be distributed in polynia (Shimada *et al.*, 2001).

It should be noted that poor body fat condition of minke whales due to food shortage would be linked with shape of sea ice extent (Ichii *et. al*, 1998). Sea ice area and extent showed yearly fluctuations in each Area in Antarctic (Shimada *et. al*, 2001). Minke whale movement pattern in feeding area would be

associated with shape of sea ice extent as well as other environmental factors. If minke whales react to that kind of environmental change, the distribution pattern may be different by year. This kind of change must be taken account in the future analysis.

Dependence of R on density of minke whale school

Fig. 4a suggest that R is decreasing as school density is increasing. Linear regression of log of $D_{s,SV}$ to log of $D_{s,SSV}$ was conducted (Fig. 4b). Regression equation is

$$\log_e(D_{s,SSV}) = 0.622 \log_e(D_{s,SV}) - 1.258 \quad (10).$$

And slope is significantly different from 1. Taking exponential of left hand side and right hand side of (10), Equation (10) can be expressed following

$$D_{s,SSV} = 0.284(D_{s,SV})^{0.622} \quad (10)'$$

Substituting (10)' to (4-5), R is expressed as a function of $D_{s,SV}$ following

$$R = 0.284(D_{s,SV})^{-0.378} \quad (11).$$

(11) indicates that R is a strictly decreasing function of $D_{s,SV}$. This fact suggests that the effect of sampling activity on abundance estimate obtained from SSV depends on minke whale school density. In order to examine the effect of sampling activity on SSV abundance, it would be important to investigate the relation between this effect of sampling activity and the school density further. Due to the dependence of R on density, it became more difficult to adjust SSV abundance in seasons when SV was not engaged in the survey. It is necessary to investigate the estimation of R to correct SSV abundance from 1989/90 to 1991/92. We can correct SSV abundance to 'pseudo SV' abundance if R can be estimated appropriately. It is also necessary to investigate method of correcting SSV or SV abundance to 'pseudo passing mode' abundance if we would like to use SV abundance as an absolute abundance.

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Table 1. Estimated observer bias in distance and angle estimation.

1989/90				1990/91			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	n.s.	0.938	K01	barrel	n.s.	1.051
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	0.953	1.064
T18	barrel	n.s.	1.041	T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T25	barrel	1.083	n.s.	T25	barrel	0.890	n.s.
	upper bridge	1.051	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
1991/92				1992/93			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	0.935	n.s.	K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	1.083	0.958
T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T25	barrel	1.063	n.s.	T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	1.055	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	1.130
1993/94				1994/95			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	0.846	n.s.	K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	0.960
T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	0.946	n.s.
T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	0.923	n.s.
1995/96				1996/97			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	K01	bridge	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T18	bridge	0.950	n.s.
	upper bridge	1.079	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T25	bridge	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	0.948	1.035		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
KS2	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	KS2	bridge	1.120	0.942
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	1.155	1.053
1997/98				1998/99			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T18	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T25	barrel	n.s.	1.050
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	1.054	1.065
T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	YS1	barrel	0.931	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
KS2	barrel	1.055	n.s.	KS2	barrel	0.939	0.960
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
1999/2000				2000/2001			
Vessel	platform	distance	angle	Vessel	platform	distance	angle
K01	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	K01	barrel	n.s.	1.038
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	T25	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.
YS1	barrel	n.s.	n.s.	YS1	barrel	n.s.	1.036
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	1.057	n.s.
KS2	barrel	n.s.	0.934	KS2	barrel	n.s.	n.s.
	upper bridge	n.s.	n.s.		upper bridge	n.s.	0.882

*n.s. indicates no significant at 5% level.

Table 2. Smearing Parameters used in this analysis.

	SSV		SV	
	angle	distance	angle	distance
1989/90	6.591	0.297		
1991/92	5.335	0.249	6.460	0.250
1993/94	6.191	0.239	5.046	0.298
1995/96	6.806	0.242	4.412	0.215
1997/98	6.733	0.238	5.739	0.169
1999/2000	7.023	0.254	6.484	0.219

	SSV		SV	
	angle	distance	angle	distance
1990/91	6.000	0.250		
1992/93	6.000	0.296	5.410	0.200
1994/95	7.490	0.211	6.593	0.25
1996/97	7.022	0.254	5.524	0.254
1998/99	7.764	0.237	6.360	0.279
2000/01	6.393	0.239	3.216	0.172

Table 3. Abundance estimates of minke whales in the Antarctic Area IV using SSV data from 1989/90 to 1999/2000. Data are truncated at 1.5 n.miles. esw was calculated for each stratum. E(s)'s are estimated from confirmed school size data

Year	Stratum	area	period	TL	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95% CI	L1.95%	CI	U1.95%
1989/90	NW	218,378	2/8-16	TL1	14.3	646.9	2.208	0.325	0.452	0.397	1.133	0.080	2.765	6,038	0.520	2,316	15,739		
				TL2	17.6	656.8	2.679	0.360	0.452	0.397	1.529	0.139	4.527	9,887	0.554	3,587	27,253		
				TL3	18.0	683.9	2.632	0.323	0.452	0.397	1.389	0.085	4.040	8,822	0.519	3,388	22,974		
	NE	213,661	1/11-19	combined	49.9	1987.6	2.509	0.196	0.452	0.397	1.360	0.066	3.786	8,268	0.315	4,521	15,118		
				TL1	15.0	684.2	2.192	0.519	0.576	0.124	1.676	0.182	3.190	6,816	0.564	2,435	19,080		
				TL2	17.0	710.0	2.394	0.455	0.576	0.124	3.188	0.197	6.627	14,159	0.511	5,510	36,387		
	SW	41,683	1/21-2/1	TL3	17.0	570.2	2.981	0.158	0.576	0.124	1.647	0.137	4.264	9,111	0.243	5,694	14,578		
				combined	49.0	1964.4	2.494	0.230	0.576	0.124	2.250	0.119	4.744	10,136	0.297	5,737	17,908		
				TL1	30.0	877.1	3.420	0.278	0.463	0.236	1.889	0.111	6.977	2,908	0.381	1,413	5,986		
	SE	40,371	12/31-1/10	TL2	22.0	823.5	2.670	0.277	0.463	0.236	1.864	0.113	5.373	2,240	0.381	1,089	4,608		
				TL3	32.3	817.7	3.945	0.158	0.463	0.236	2.094	0.129	8.921	3,718	0.312	2,046	6,757		
				combined	84.2	2518.3	3.345	0.137	0.463	0.236	1.963	0.071	7.084	2,953	0.206	1,981	4,400		
PB	34,628	2/3-6	TL1	49.6	495.7	10.010	0.275	0.657	0.124	1.959	0.094	14.924	6,025	0.315	3,295	11,019			
			TL2	49.3	431.3	11.421	0.257	0.657	0.124	2.231	0.098	19.392	7,829	0.301	4,394	13,948			
			TL3	50.1	435.2	11.507	0.377	0.657	0.124	2.200	0.112	19.265	7,778	0.412	3,580	16,896			
Total	548,721	373.7	8664.4	combined	149.0	1362.2	10.935	0.178	0.657	0.124	2.096	0.057	17.726	7,156	0.202	4,838	10,584		
				TL1	14.0	308.6	4.521	0.557	0.709	0.194	1.846	0.172	5.883	2,037	0.615	672	6,178		
				TL2	12.0	308.4	3.885	0.631	0.709	0.194	1.667	0.171	4.563	1,580	0.682	470	5,308		
1991/92	219,773	2/15-25	TL3	15.6	214.9	7.281	0.519	0.709	0.194	1.750	0.152	8.979	3,109	0.574	1,092	8,855			
			combined	41.6	831.9	4.998	0.326	0.709	0.194	1.756	0.093	6.194	2,145	0.358	1,087	4,233			
			Total	373.7	8664.4	5.587	0.142	0.709	0.194	1.756	0.093	6.194	2,145	0.358	1,087	4,233			
1991/92	NW	219,773	2/15-25	TL1	23.7	748.8	3.168	0.205	0.432	0.195	1.550	0.099	5.682	12,488	0.300	7,029	22,189		
				TL2	25.8	845.8	3.047	0.294	0.432	0.195	1.583	0.107	5.582	12,268	0.369	6,091	24,709		
				TL3	25.8	888.1	2.906	0.277	0.432	0.195	1.960	0.240	6.591	14,485	0.415	6,628	31,656		
	NE	217,764	1/1-9	combined	75.3	2482.7	3.033	0.153	0.432	0.195	1.710	0.108	5.973	13,127	0.219	8,585	20,072		
				TL1	13.0	632.5	2.053	0.962	0.530	0.540	1.308	0.134	2.532	5,514	1.111	951	31,960		
				TL2	6.6	684.7	0.959	0.863	0.530	0.540	1.429	0.208	1.292	2,814	1.039	526	15,052		
	SW	34,259	1/27-2/6	TL3	4.0	856.7	0.467	0.446	0.530	0.540	1.000	0.000	0.440	959	0.700	278	3,305		
				combined	23.6	2173.9	1.083	0.587	0.530	0.540	1.304	0.102	1.317	2,869	0.705	826	9,967		
				TL1	23.9	606.8	3.941	0.298	0.649	0.230	2.046	0.122	6.212	2,128	0.396	1,008	4,494		
	SE	34,871	1/16-26	TL3	32.6	592.6	5.507	0.626	0.649	0.230	2.424	0.108	10.288	3,525	0.676	1,060	11,724		
				combined	56.6	1199.4	4.715	0.383	0.649	0.230	2.028	0.088	8.226	2,818	0.444	1,227	6,472		
				TL1	19.8	641.6	3.087	0.385	0.486	0.248	3.000	0.151	9.532	3,324	0.482	1,357	8,140		
PB	27,733	2/9-14	TL3	19.0	716.1	2.653	0.244	0.486	0.248	2.146	0.192	5.861	2,044	0.397	965	4,329			
			combined	38.8	1357.7	2.858	0.230	0.486	0.248	3.100	0.117	7.596	2,649	0.328	1,415	4,959			
			TL1	32.2	209.0	15.390	0.491	0.562	0.324	2.839	0.155	38.849	10,774	0.608	3,590	32,332			
Total	534,400	256.8	7584.1	TL3	30.5	161.4	18.874	0.380	0.562	0.324	1.652	0.107	27.731	7,691	0.510	2,995	19,750		
				combined	62.6	370.4	16.908	0.313	0.562	0.324	2.426	0.105	34.005	9,430	0.432	4,194	21,206		
				Total	256.8	7584.1	30.893	0.181	0.562	0.324	2.426	0.105	34.005	30,893	0.432	4,194	21,206		

Year	Stratum	area	period	TL	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95%CI	LL	95%CI	UL
1993/94	NW	230,748	2/15-3/3	TL1	28.2	1191.5	2.366	0.381	0.582	0.148	1.292	0.087	2.624	6,056	0.418	2,760	13,288		
				TL3	25.0	1338.8	1.867	0.361	0.582	0.148	1.500	0.114	2.405	5,550	0.407	2,578	11,949		
				combined	53.2	2530.3	2.102	0.264	0.582	0.148	1.391	0.072	2.508	5,788	0.291	3,308	10,128		
	NE	161,376	1/5-20	TL1	30.5	965.2	3.158	0.350	0.466	0.240	1.552	0.122	5.257	8,484	0.442	3,708	19,412		
				TL3	28.2	916.4	3.081	0.315	0.466	0.240	1.679	0.111	5.548	8,953	0.411	4,128	19,419		
				combined	58.7	1881.6	3.120	0.236	0.466	0.240	1.614	0.082	5.399	8,712	0.427	3,908	19,425		
	SW	35,428	1/22-2/4	TL1	58.3	650.4	8.969	0.322	0.751	0.178	2.121	0.077	12.663	4,486	0.376	2,201	9,145		
				TL3	43.9	702.5	6.255	0.559	0.751	0.178	1.506	0.085	6.272	2,222	0.592	759	6,509		
				combined	102.3	1352.9	7.560	0.302	0.751	0.178	1.846	0.059	9.344	3,310	0.320	1,795	6,107		
	SE	40,813	12/21-1/4	TL1	39.3	627.2	6.263	0.109	0.660	0.218	2.410	0.091	11.432	4,666	1.046	865	25,154		
TL3				24.0	791.9	3.031	0.466	0.660	0.218	2.696	0.196	6.187	2,525	0.550	921	6,921			
combined				63.3	1419.1	4.459	0.657	0.660	0.218	2.285	0.089	8.505	3,471	0.660	1,068	11,284			
PB	35,196	2/6-14	TL1	22.7	283.0	8.013	0.258	0.521	0.143	1.857	0.077	14.281	5,026	0.305	2,803	9,012			
			TL3	21.8	279.3	7.789	0.356	0.521	0.143	2.353	0.109	17.588	6,190	0.399	2,916	13,140			
			combined	44.4	562.3	7.902	0.218	0.521	0.143	2.079	0.069	15.924	5,605	0.258	3,406	9,223			
Total		503,561		321.9	7746.2								26,887	0.187	18,713	38,631			
1995/96	NW	217,044	1/10-26	TL1	17.7	893.0	1.980	0.690	0.890	0.120	1.708	0.133	1.898	4,121	0.713	1,173	14,472		
				TL2	21.0	921.1	2.280	0.612	0.890	0.120	2.294	0.184	2.937	6,375	0.650	1,991	20,413		
				TL3	19.3	922.8	2.092	0.459	0.890	0.120	1.891	0.140	2.222	4,822	0.495	1,927	12,067		
	NE	231,845	2/10-19	combined	58.0	2736.9	2.119	0.342	0.890	0.120	1.922	0.085	2.357	5,116	0.366	2,552	10,255		
				TL1	19.0	715.1	2.654	0.349	0.481	0.344	1.125	0.114	3.102	7,192	0.503	2,835	18,242		
				TL2	23.0	697.4	3.295	0.310	0.481	0.344	1.667	0.162	5.707	13,232	0.490	5,330	32,852		
	SW	29,610	12/22-1/9	TL3	21.1	711	2.967	0.376	0.481	0.344	1.207	0.134	3.719	8,623	0.527	3,268	22,750		
				combined	63.1	2123.5	2.969	0.199	0.481	0.344	1.420	0.074	4.164	9,655	0.299	5,441	17,133		
				TL1	55.3	827.5	6.684	0.393	0.957	0.083	1.880	0.075	6.562	1,943	0.408	900	4,195		
	SE	30,123	2/20-29	TL2	49.8	623.2	7.994	0.296	0.957	0.083	2.152	0.099	8.985	2,660	0.323	1,435	4,932		
TL3				37.4	686.3	5.445	0.616	0.957	0.083	1.593	0.099	4.529	1,341	0.629	433	4,159			
combined				142.5	2137	6.668	0.245	0.957	0.083	1.885	0.052	6.616	1,959	0.245	1,220	3,145			
PB	27,929	1/27-2/6	TL1	39.6	469.2	8.438	0.139	0.765	0.112	1.900	0.119	10.479	3,157	0.215	2,083	4,784			
			TL2	45.5	502.9	9.042	0.166	0.765	0.112	2.696	0.166	15.932	4,799	0.260	2,907	7,923			
			TL3	32.3	489.4	6.592	0.293	0.765	0.112	1.977	0.114	8.519	2,566	0.334	1,358	4,851			
Total	536,551		combined	117.3	1461.5	8.028	0.113	0.765	0.112	2.121	0.067	11.699	3,524	0.159	2,586	4,803			
			TL1	27.6	341.5	8.075	0.352	0.795	0.208	1.321	0.078	6.710	1,874	0.417	856	4,105			
			TL2	34.3	247.3	13.854	0.663	0.795	0.208	1.500	0.077	13.067	3,650	0.700	1,059	12,574			
Total			TL3	27.4	257.8	10.638	0.329	0.795	0.208	1.357	0.097	9.081	2,536	0.401	1,189	5,410			
			combined	89.3	846.6	10.544	0.295	0.795	0.208	1.336	0.045	9.289	2,594	0.334	1,371	4,908			
			Total	470.1	9305.5								22,848	0.159	16,774	31,122			

(Table 3 continued)

Table 4. Abundance estimates of minke whales in the Antarctic Area V using SSV data from 1990/91 to 2000/01. Data are truncated at 1.5 n.miles. esw was calculated for each stratum. E(s)'s are estimated from confirmed school size data

Year	Stratum	area	period	TL	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95% CI	LL	95% CI	UL
1990/91	FNW	232,898	1/21-31	TL1	42.0	887	4.735	0.327	0.328	0.186	1.38	0.116	0.099	23,133	0.394	10,991	48,690		
				TL2	56.4	951.4	5.930	0.299	0.328	0.186	1.59	0.092	0.143	33,383	0.364	16,729	66,618		
				TL3	50.0	888.4	5.628	0.371	0.328	0.186	1.71	0.141	0.147	34,204	0.438	15,039	77,792		
	SNE	347,440	2/16-26	combined	148.4	2726.8	5.443	0.193	0.328	0.186	1.55	0.065	0.130	30,316	0.235	19,259	47,723		
				TL1	25.3	681.1	3.710	0.237	0.260	0.477	1.37	0.155	0.098	33,914	0.554	12,297	93,531		
				TL2	20.0	893.2	2.239	0.274	0.260	0.477	1.48	0.163	0.064	22,143	0.574	7,784	62,985		
	FSW	62,355	1/11-20	TL3	16.8	924.6	1.814	0.531	0.260	0.477	2.17	0.159	0.076	26,290	0.731	7,291	94,793		
				combined	62.0	2498.9	2.483	0.194	0.260	0.477	1.57	0.091	0.077	26,885	0.367	13,391	53,977		
				TL1	32.4	556.1	5.824	0.214	0.564	0.204	1.96	0.155	0.101	6,326	0.334	3,346	11,960		
	SSE	208,511	2/5-14	TL2	37.7	470.3	8.016	0.276	0.564	0.204	1.99	0.128	0.141	8,823	0.366	4,403	17,678		
TL3				38.7	608.6	6.352	0.371	0.564	0.204	1.63	0.107	0.092	5,710	0.437	2,518	12,946			
combined				108.7	1635	6.651	0.175	0.564	0.204	1.83	0.071	0.109	6,815	0.220	4,454	10,427			
Total	851,204		TL1	55.5	589	9.423	0.164	0.549	0.149	1.84	0.113	0.158	32,972	0.247	20,473	53,104			
			TL2	76.0	576.3	13.185	0.288	0.549	0.149	1.83	0.099	0.220	45,890	0.341	23,938	87,973			
			TL3	80.6	504.7	15.960	0.222	0.549	0.149	2.03	0.101	0.294	61,375	0.283	35,610	105,784			
				combined	212.0	1670	12.697	0.140	0.549	0.149	1.82	0.055	0.221	46,014	0.175	32,719	64,710		
				Total	531.2	8530.7							110,031	0.133	84,819	142,736			
1992/93	NW	332,682	1/25-2/5	TL1	22.0	712.3	3.089	0.585	0.447	0.147	1.31	0.085	0.045	15,043	0.610	4,998	45,271		
				TL3	18.0	512.3	3.514	0.449	0.447	0.147	1.63	0.124	0.064	21,252	0.489	8,581	52,633		
				combined	40.0	1224.6	3.266	0.380	0.447	0.147	1.50	0.074	0.053	17,640	0.390	8,438	36,878		
	NE	290,526	12/30-1/11	TL1	14.6	481.2	3.028	0.553	0.681	0.221	1.53	0.190	0.034	9,908	0.625	3,214	30,549		
				TL3	19.7	463.0	4.254	0.353	0.681	0.221	1.31	0.099	0.041	11,918	0.428	5,332	26,641		
				combined	34.3	944.2	3.629	0.311	0.681	0.221	1.53	0.100	0.037	10,894	0.370	5,400	21,978		
	SW	43,572	1/15-24 2/8-13	TL1	36.3	468.2	7.758	0.452	0.959	0.138	3.15	0.142	0.128	5,557	0.494	2,224	13,883		
				TL3	36.2	434.5	8.339	0.586	0.959	0.138	2.44	0.153	0.106	4,623	0.621	1,509	14,166		
				combined	72.6	902.7	8.038	0.370	0.959	0.138	2.76	0.103	0.117	5,107	0.389	2,449	10,650		
	SE	180,745	2/14-3/6	TL1	60.8	640.8	9.493	0.689	0.647	0.227	1.84	0.098	0.135	24,393	0.732	6,753	88,109		
TL3				54.0	564.8	9.558	0.406	0.647	0.227	2.11	0.091	0.156	28,196	0.474	11,673	68,104			
combined				57.4	1205.6	4.762	0.824	0.647	0.227	2.01	0.066	0.145	26,175	0.434	11,587	59,130			
				Total	204.2	4277.1							59,816	0.235	38,006	94,141			

Year	Stratum	area	TL	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95%CI	LL	95%CI	UL
1994/95	NW	194,879	1/4-19	24.0	1003.4	2.387	0.670	0.748	0.157	2.56	0.176	0.041	7,966	0.710	2,276	27,879		
			TL3	30.6	1059.1	2.892	0.473	0.748	0.157	2.19	0.139	0.042	8,268	0.517	3,184	21,469		
			combined	54.6	2062.5	2.646	0.396	0.748	0.157	2.36	0.111	0.042	8,121	0.434	3,600	18,319		
	NE	303,617	1/20-2/5	41.5	1228.9	3.378	0.373	0.595	0.153	1.34	0.076	0.038	11,578	0.410	5,348	25,065		
			2/13-18	33.9	720.9	4.708	0.579	0.595	0.153	1.51	0.093	0.060	18,097	0.606	6,044	54,180		
			combined	75.5	1949.8	3.870	0.332	0.595	0.153	1.41	0.058	0.046	13,988	0.360	7,053	27,742		
	SW	40,116	12/18-1/3	45.8	801.7	5.707	0.411	0.817	0.208	1.92	0.097	0.067	2,697	0.471	1,121	6,485		
			TL3	38.7	782.6	4.949	0.457	0.817	0.208	3.13	0.160	0.095	3,796	0.527	1,439	10,015		
			combined	84.5	1584.3	5.333	0.306	0.817	0.208	2.26	0.082	0.081	3,240	0.364	1,623	6,466		
	SE	175,421	2/8-9	72.4	263	27.515	0.524	0.874	0.101	2.40	0.095	0.377	66,204	0.542	24,476	179,076		
2/23-3/11			71.8	343.6	20.901	0.654	0.874	0.101	2.30	0.091	0.275	48,221	0.668	14,671	158,491			
combined			144.2	606.6	23.769	0.419	0.874	0.101	2.28	0.065	0.319	56,018	0.428	25,075	125,144			
Total		714,033		358.7	6203.2							81,367	0.305	45,391	145,858			
1996/97	NW	305,819	2/5-20	15.0	731.0	2.052	0.774	0.552	0.314	1.71	0.143	0.032	9,744	0.847	2,305	41,180		
			TL2	13.8	773.4	1.779	0.610	0.552	0.314	1.42	0.142	0.023	6,986	0.700	2,025	24,102		
			TL3	23.5	568.6	4.135	0.573	0.552	0.314	1.68	0.127	0.063	19,239	0.665	5,873	63,028		
	NE	363,668	1/5-20	52.3	2073	2.521	0.376	0.552	0.314	1.52	0.074	0.037	11,319	0.434	5,015	25,551		
			TL1	35.3	735.0	4.800	0.309	0.654	0.230	1.28	0.092	0.047	17,107	0.396	8,103	36,116		
			TL2	34.1	773.8	4.412	0.342	0.654	0.230	1.58	0.103	0.053	19,342	0.425	8,709	42,956		
	SW	40,130	1/21-2/4	32.1	818.5	3.917	0.513	0.654	0.230	2.03	0.106	0.061	22,126	0.572	7,796	62,791		
			combined	101.5	2327.3	4.361	0.226	0.654	0.230	1.58	0.057	0.054	19,615	0.288	11,286	34,090		
			TL1	36.9	846.1	4.356	0.611	0.646	0.232	2.44	0.125	0.082	3,299	0.666	1,006	10,813		
	SE	208,224	2/21-3/12	33.5	784.2	4.273	0.814	0.646	0.232	1.55	0.121	0.051	2,054	0.855	481	8,776		
TL2			39.6	801.7	4.936	0.472	0.646	0.232	2.18	0.146	0.083	3,342	0.546	1,229	9,091			
combined			109.9	2432	4.520	0.364	0.646	0.232	2.10	0.075	0.073	2,912	0.386	1,401	6,050			
Total	917,841		TL1	45.9	495.1	9.277	0.552	0.613	0.205	2.80	0.095	0.212	44,144	0.596	14,979	130,100		
			TL2	48.3	411.2	11.741	0.583	0.613	0.205	4.46	0.288	0.427	88,953	0.682	26,483	298,778		
			TL3	52.6	415.5	12.656	0.189	0.613	0.205	2.51	0.156	0.259	53,970	0.319	29,296	99,425		
Total		146.8	1321.8	11.105	0.267	0.613	0.205	3.24	0.141	0.294	61,172	0.359	30,903	121,092				
Total		917,841		286.7	8154.1							95,019	0.245	59,241	152,405			

Year	Stratum	area	TL	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	C\	D*100	P	CV	95% CILL	95% CIUL			
1998/99	NW	321,375	1/30-2/3	TL1	14.0	268.1	5.222	0.469	0.424	2.14	0.161	0.132	42,369	0.555	15,335	117,061			
				TL2	17.9	311.1	5.747	0.472	0.424	2.249	1.94	0.135	0.132	42,313	0.550	15,443	115,935		
				TL3	19.0	254.4	7.469	0.369	0.424	2.249	1.47	0.109	0.130	41,674	0.458	17,715	98,036		
	NE	311,050	1/24-2/9	combined	50.9	833.6	6.104	0.251	0.424	2.249	1.82	0.081	0.131	42,136	0.306	23,423	75,798		
				TL1	12.0	194.9	6.157	0.375	0.489	2.206	1.92	0.261	0.121	37,504	0.501	14,826	94,869		
				TL2	16.0	204.9	7.804	0.460	0.489	2.206	2.17	0.180	0.173	53,876	0.536	20,132	144,181		
	SW	45,455	2/4-2/5	TL3	18.0	174.3	10.327	0.253	0.489	2.206	2.56	0.133	0.271	84,148	0.353	43,021	164,589		
				combined	46.0	574.1	8.011	0.212	0.489	2.206	2.23	0.104	0.185	57,509	0.263	34,671	95,388		
				TL1	85.2	583.2	14.607	0.384	0.518	0.137	2.28	0.109	0.321	14,613	0.422	6,614	32,286		
	SE	52,553	2/26-3/15	TL2	80.9	579.9	13.954	0.234	0.518	0.137	3.05	0.118	0.411	18,679	0.296	10,587	32,958		
				TL3	60.7	522.9	11.605	0.335	0.518	0.137	2.05	0.123	0.230	10,441	0.382	5,062	21,535		
				combined	226.8	1686	13.451	0.189	0.518	0.137	2.47	0.066	0.324	14,718	0.211	9,768	22,176		
Total	730,433			TL1	35.0	425.2	8.231	0.746	0.527	0.144	2.49	0.105	0.194	10,205	0.767	2,690	38,705		
				TL2	45.0	370.9	12.131	1.053	0.527	0.144	1.94	0.096	0.224	11,746	1.067	2,127	64,869		
				TL3	36.0	387.6	9.288	0.737	0.527	0.144	1.67	0.113	0.147	7,733	0.759	2,061	29,014		
2000/01	NW	249,712	2/11-2/5	combined	116.0	1183.7	9.799	0.519	0.527	0.144	1.98	0.061	0.188	9,878	0.526	3,748	26,034		
				TL1	341.2	3306.3													
				TL2	28.0	899.8	3.110	0.729	0.609	0.233	1.73	0.212	0.044	11,033	0.794	2,803	43,437		
	NE	334,377	1/2-2/3	TL2	19.0	952.8	1.999	0.751	0.609	0.233	1.94	0.226	0.032	7,965	0.818	1,959	32,380		
				TL3	18.0	992.5	1.814	0.751	0.609	0.233	2.00	0.213	0.030	7,434	0.815	1,835	30,111		
				combined	65.0	2845.1	2.286	0.436	0.609	0.233	1.85	0.128	0.035	8,750	0.470	3,646	20,998		
	SW	64,854	2/27-3/19	TL1	69.3	888.1	7.807	0.394	0.626	0.164	1.74	0.080	0.108	36,245	0.434	16,049	81,857		
				TL2	75.8	898.0	8.437	0.354	0.626	0.164	1.92	0.138	0.130	43,323	0.414	19,871	94,453		
				TL3	81.5	918.7	8.869	0.416	0.626	0.164	1.82	0.086	0.129	43,106	0.455	18,415	100,903		
	SE	105,458	1/24-2/9	combined	226.6	2704.8	8.377	0.226	0.626	0.164	1.70	0.043	0.122	40,925	0.252	25,152	66,589		
				TL1	64.2	769.7	8.336	0.408	0.741	0.165	1.38	0.064	0.078	5,027	0.445	2,186	11,560		
				TL2	64.5	770.9	8.362	0.344	0.741	0.165	1.48	0.070	0.083	5,408	0.388	2,596	11,265		
Total	754,401			TL3	68.8	727.1	9.463	0.276	0.741	0.165	1.72	0.080	0.110	7,128	0.332	3,784	13,429		
				combined	197.4	2267.7	8.706	0.199	0.741	0.165	1.43	0.036	0.090	5,830	0.221	3,800	8,944		
				TL1	159.5	764.9	20.846	0.210	0.682	0.106	2.52	0.106	0.385	40,587	0.258	24,656	66,810		
Total	754,401			TL2	182.2	857.9	21.236	0.283	0.682	0.106	2.55	0.117	0.397	41,837	0.324	22,513	77,748		
				TL3	163.4	751.1	21.757	0.212	0.682	0.106	2.42	0.113	0.387	40,789	0.262	24,595	67,647		
				combined	505.1	2373.9	21.275	0.140	0.682	0.106	2.42	0.055	0.390	41,102	0.167	29,714	56,855		
Total	754,401			994.1	8200.1												125,910		

(Table 4 continued)

Table 5. Abundance estimates of minke whales in the Antarctic Area IV using SV data from 1991/92 to 1999/2000. Data are truncated at 1.5 n.miles. esw was calculated for each stratum. E(s)'s are estimated from confirmed school size data. NE and NW strata were not surveyed by SV in 1991/92 season.

Year	Stratum	area	period	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95% CILL	95% CIUL
1991/92	SW	34,259	1/26-2/6	48.9	1038.1	4.713	0.271	0.378	0.339	2.258	0.122	14.088	4,826	0.450	2,079	11,206
	SE	34,871	1/16-24	28.5	924.0	3.082	0.142	0.969	0.132	2.181	0.167	3.470	1,210	0.259	735	1,993
	PB	27,733	2/9-14	79.1	237.1	33.380	0.485	0.762	0.203	4.466	0.495	97.832	27,132	0.690	7,982	92,225
1993/94	NW	232,782	2/15-3/3	26.0	1667.4	1.559	0.317	0.295	0.255	1.280	0.106	3.378	7,863	0.416	3,597	17,190
	NE	171,281	1/5-20	22.4	1250.4	1.788	0.224	0.408	0.534	1.650	0.166	3.614	6,190	0.598	2,095	18,290
	SW	33,394	1/22-30	40.2	1024.8	3.926	0.262	0.643	0.281	1.760	0.132	5.373	1,794	0.404	837	3,845
1995/96	SE	30,908	12/21-1/4	60.0	839.8	7.145	0.717	0.479	0.353	2.214	0.111	16.516	5,105	0.807	1,274	20,446
	PB	35,196	2/6-14	27.0	477.7	5.652	0.415	0.350	0.300	1.369	0.096	11.060	3,893	0.518	1,497	10,120
	total	503,561		175.6	5260.1	3.338							24,845	0.273	14,697	41,999
1997/98	NW	217,044	1/10-26	15.0	793.6	1.890	0.437	0.251	0.829	2.267	0.169	8.526	18,505	0.940	3,888	88,074
	NE	228,383	2/10-18	17.6	856.2	2.055	0.594	0.183	0.489	2.222	0.220	12.498	28,542	0.800	7,189	113,321
	SW	33,433	12/22-1/9	41.0	714.2	5.741	0.410	0.460	0.224	2.737	0.121	17.066	5,706	0.482	2,331	13,966
1999/2000	SE	29,932	2/19-29	53.9	578.4	9.316	0.206	0.475	0.176	2.362	0.127	23.152	6,930	0.300	3,901	12,311
	PB	27,929	1/27-2/5	25.0	475.2	5.261	0.144	0.351	0.347	1.379	0.134	10.339	2,887	0.399	1,359	6,133
	total	536,721		152.5	3417.6	4.461							62,570	0.463	26,397	148,315
1999/2000	NW	224,230	12/31-1/14	26.0	750.9	3.463	1.083	0.928	0.181	2.293	0.149	4.275	9,586	1.108	1,660	55,369
	NE	224,567	1/30-2/12	10.0	979.4	1.021	0.339	0.966	0.094	1.556	0.156	0.822	1,846	0.382	895	3,807
	SW	31,505	2/13-28	19.7	787.1	2.508	0.447	0.723	0.309	1.625	0.147	2.821	889	0.553	323	2,446
1999/2000	SE	41,450	1/15-29	24.0	825.5	2.907	0.258	0.681	0.181	1.524	0.086	3.251	1,347	0.326	722	2,514
	PB	2,481	3/1-4	24.7	135.1	18.250	0.603	0.493	0.544	2.167	0.185	40.105	995	0.819	244	4,050
	total	524,233		104.4	3478	3.002							14,663	0.729	4,077	52,733
1999/2000	NW	236,307	12/27-1/11	6.0	997.4	0.602	0.437	0.497	0.344	1.500	0.333	0.909	2,147	0.574	754	6,115
	NE	229,576	1/11-26	56.5	1045.4	5.404	0.317	0.433	0.167	1.432	0.088	8.948	20,541	0.364	10,284	41,032
	SW	34,825	2/18-3/1,3/6-9	107.7	637.3	16.901	0.340	0.950	0.094	2.755	0.112	24.515	8,537	0.361	4,298	16,959
1999/2000	SE	33,129	1/28-2/18	144.2	819.5	17.599	0.243	0.756	0.122	3.642	0.136	42.368	14,036	0.286	8,096	24,336
	PB	27,000	3/1-6	43.5	425.3	10.239	0.560	0.896	0.326	1.875	0.209	10.705	2,890	0.659	891	9,378
	total	560,837		358.0	3924.9	9.120							48,151	0.194	33,067	70,115

Table 6. Abundance estimates of minke whales in the Antarctic Area V using SV data from 1992/93 to 2000/01. Data are truncated at 1.5 n.miles. esw was calculated for each stratum. E(s)'s are estimated from confirmed school

Year	Stratum	area	period	n	L	n/L*100	CV	esw	CV	E(s)	CV	D*100	P	CV	95%CI LL	95%CI UL
1992/93	NW	332,682	1/25-2/5	47.0	923.0	5.092	0.464	0.451	0.170	1.565	0.076	8.834	29,388	0.500	11,634	74,235
	NE	290,526	12/30-1/11	15.0	717.3	2.091	0.638	0.460	0.194	2.581	0.317	5.867	17,045	0.738	4,680	62,080
	SW	43,572	1/15-24,2/8-13	106.0	1004.7	10.546	0.241	0.484	0.264	2.914	0.102	31.766	13,841	0.372	6,835	28,027
	SE	180,745	2/14-3/6	173.7	1050.7	16.530	0.332	0.478	0.144	1.913	0.071	33.087	59,803	0.369	29,715	120,359
	Total	847,525		341.6	3695.7	9.244							120,077	0.248	74,387	193,829
1994/95	NW	194,879	1/4-19	48.3	1166.9	4.137	0.756	0.464	0.399	1.423	0.144	6.350	12,375	0.867	2,853	53,681
	NE	303,617	1/20-2/14	29.8	1194.7	2.497	0.272	0.565	0.270	1.759	0.127	3.890	11,812	0.404	5,514	25,305
	SW	40,116	12/18-1/3	88.4	884.7	9.996	0.328	0.776	0.146	3.918	0.109	25.235	10,123	0.375	4,971	20,615
	SE	175,421	2/15-3/13	193.6	686.4	28.209	0.368	0.823	0.098	4.091	0.102	70.089	122,950	0.394	58,394	258,874
	Total	714,033		360.2	3932.7								157,260	0.318	85,609	288,881
1996/97	NW	305,819	2-4/20	14.8	711.6	2.082	0.279	0.542	0.257	4.077	0.538	7.833	23,956	0.658	7,392	77,636
	NE	363,668	1-3/20	16.0	806.1	1.985	0.426	0.243	0.277	1.568	0.180	6.413	23,321	0.539	8,668	62,745
	SW	40,130	1/21-2/3	20.4	692.4	2.942	0.655	0.766	0.395	2.739	0.325	5.257	2,110	0.831	510	8,735
	SE	208,224	2/20-3/12	107.1	790.1	13.550	0.642	0.709	0.151	3.700	0.106	35.337	73,581	0.668	22,377	241,954
	Total	917,841		158.2	3000.2								122,968	0.432	54,642	276,733
1998/99	NW	321,375	1/13-2/4	52.2	961.8	5.432	0.359	0.648	0.199	2.739	0.229	11.477	36,884	0.470	15,366	88,534
	NE	311,050	1/12-2/3	16.4	652.8	2.517	0.365	0.329	0.555	1.938	0.242	7.421	23,083	0.707	6,630	80,362
	SW	45,455	2/3-2/4	100.6	652.5	15.418	0.327	0.427	0.286	4.035	0.199	72.811	33,096	0.477	13,619	80,432
	SE	52,553	2/24-3/12	32.0	372.3	8.600	0.545	0.495	0.226	1.609	0.212	13.970	7,341	0.627	2,374	22,708
	Total	730,433		201.3	2639.4								100,404	0.288	57,716	174,664
2000/01	NW	249,712	2/11-2/4	20.0	906.8	2.206	0.385	0.453	0.217	1.625	0.231	3.954	9,875	0.498	3,922	24,859
	NE	334,377	1/1-2/2	45.4	1236.3	3.669	0.259	0.258	0.583	2.436	0.302	17.293	57,824	0.706	16,628	201,085
	SW	64,854	2/25-3/18	44.0	885.2	4.971	0.533	0.268	0.333	1.692	0.236	15.702	10,183	0.671	3,082	33,648
	SE	105,458	1/23-2/6	171.4	946.3	18.107	0.294	0.899	0.123	1.872	0.115	18.852	19,881	0.338	10,429	37,903
	Total	754,401		280.7	3974.6								97,763	0.432	43,469	219,871

Table 7. $R (=D_s (SSV)/D_s (SV))$ for each stratum in Area IV for each year.

year	stratum	$D_s (SSV)$	CV	$D_s (SV)$	CV	R	$\ln R$	$SE(\ln R)$
1991/92	SW	0.0363	0.446	0.0624	0.434	0.582	-0.541	0.572
	SE	0.0294	0.338	0.0159	0.194	1.849	0.615	0.376
	PB	0.1504	0.450	0.2191	0.526	0.686	-0.376	0.626
	All	0.0628	0.264	0.1028	0.411	0.611	-0.493	0.462
1993/94	NW	0.0181	0.302	0.0264	0.407	0.684	-0.380	0.478
	NE	0.0335	0.337	0.0219	0.579	1.528	0.424	0.609
	SW	0.0503	0.351	0.0305	0.384	1.649	0.500	0.489
	SE	0.0338	0.692	0.0746	0.799	0.658	-0.418	0.866
	PB	0.0758	0.261	0.0808	0.512	0.939	-0.063	0.534
	All	0.0280	0.164	0.0282	0.245	0.994	-0.006	0.289
1995/96	NW	0.0119	0.362	0.0375	0.931	0.317	-1.149	0.832
	NE	0.0309	0.397	0.0562	0.769	0.549	-0.600	0.748
	SW	0.0348	0.259	0.0623	0.467	0.559	-0.582	0.501
	SE	0.0525	0.159	0.0980	0.271	0.535	-0.625	0.307
	PB	0.0663	0.361	0.0750	0.376	0.884	-0.123	0.490
	All	0.0289	0.167	0.0385	0.269	0.751	-0.286	0.309
1997/98	NW	0.0152	0.343	0.0186	1.098	0.816	-0.203	0.918
	NE	0.0165	0.424	0.0053	0.352	3.125	1.139	0.515
	SW	0.0204	0.384	0.0174	0.543	1.176	0.162	0.605
	SE	0.0307	0.307	0.0213	0.315	1.438	0.363	0.420
	PB	0.2164	0.567	0.1851	0.812	1.169	0.156	0.827
	All	0.0212	0.191	0.0155	0.687	1.369	0.314	0.641
1999/2000	NW	0.0142	0.407	0.0061	0.556	2.347	0.853	0.623
	NE	0.0237	0.719	0.0625	0.358	0.380	-0.967	0.706
	SW	0.0790	0.244	0.0890	0.353	0.888	-0.119	0.411
	SE	0.0892	0.265	0.1163	0.272	0.766	-0.266	0.367
	PB	0.0961	0.349	0.0571	0.647	1.683	0.520	0.658
	All	0.0298	0.244	0.0346	0.191	0.862	-0.149	0.303

Table 8. Estimate of R for each stratum in Area IV

	All strata	NE	NW	SE	SW	PB
$\ln R$	-0.154	0.237	-0.143	-0.086	-0.108	-0.019
$\text{var}(\ln R)$	0.025	0.097	0.104	0.031	0.050	0.071
$\text{se}(\ln R)$	0.157	0.312	0.323	0.177	0.224	0.267
z	0.978	-0.758	0.441	0.486	0.480	0.071
p	0.328	0.449	0.659	0.627	0.632	0.943
R	0.868	1.330	0.914	0.932	0.921	1.017
$\text{se}(R)$	0.137	0.425	0.303	0.166	0.209	0.277

Table 9. $R (=D_s(SSV)/D_s(SV))$ for each stratum in Area V for each year.

year	stratum	$D_s(SSV)$	CV	$D_s(SV)$	CV	R	$\ln R$	$SE(\ln R)$
1992/93	NW	0.0365	0.408	0.0564	0.495	0.648	-0.435	0.587
	NE	0.0267	0.381	0.0227	0.667	1.173	0.159	0.681
	SW	0.0419	0.395	0.1090	0.358	0.384	-0.956	0.500
	SE	0.0368	0.855	0.1730	0.362	0.213	-1.548	0.788
	All	0.0294	0.288	0.0717	0.253	0.410	-0.892	0.370
1994/95	NW	0.0177	0.426	0.0446	0.855	0.397	-0.924	0.805
	NE	0.0325	0.365	0.0221	0.383	1.471	0.386	0.497
	SW	0.0326	0.370	0.0644	0.359	0.507	-0.680	0.485
	SE	0.1360	0.431	0.1713	0.381	0.794	-0.231	0.534
	All	0.0516	0.300	0.0655	0.291	0.788	-0.238	0.401
1996/97	NW	0.0228	0.490	0.0192	0.379	1.189	0.173	0.570
	NE	0.0334	0.322	0.0409	0.508	0.816	-0.204	0.556
	SW	0.0350	0.432	0.0192	0.765	1.824	0.601	0.756
	SE	0.0906	0.336	0.0955	0.659	0.949	-0.052	0.661
	All	0.0429	0.201	0.0382	0.448	1.125	0.118	0.465
1998/99	NW	0.0719	0.354	0.0419	0.411	1.716	0.540	0.508
	NE	0.0819	0.296	0.0383	0.664	2.138	0.760	0.651
	SW	0.1298	0.233	0.1805	0.434	0.719	-0.330	0.466
	SE	0.0930	0.539	0.0868	0.590	1.071	0.069	0.703
	All	0.0713	0.160	0.0510	0.250	1.397	0.334	0.291
2000/01	NW	0.0188	0.494	0.0243	0.442	0.771	-0.260	0.603
	NE	0.0669	0.279	0.0710	0.638	0.943	-0.059	0.629
	SW	0.0587	0.258	0.0928	0.628	0.633	-0.458	0.616
	SE	0.1560	0.176	0.1007	0.318	1.549	0.437	0.352
	All	0.0613	0.144	0.0504	0.230	1.215	0.195	0.267

Table 10. Estimate of R for each stratum in Area V

	All strata	NE	NW	SE	SW
$\ln R$	-0.017	0.202	-0.055	0.014	-0.487
$\text{var}(\ln R)$	0.023	0.070	0.071	0.057	0.058
$\text{se}(\ln R)$	0.151	0.264	0.266	0.239	0.241
z	0.112	-0.763	0.206	-0.059	2.019
p	0.911	0.446	0.837	0.953	0.043
R	0.994	1.267	0.981	1.044	0.633
$\text{se}(R)$	0.151	0.341	0.265	0.253	0.155

Table 11. Combined abundance estimate in Areas IV and V
 $R=0.926$ ($CV=0.109$) is used to estimate abundance for 'Pseudo SV'

Area IV								
year	SSV	CV	SV	CV	Pseudo SV	CV	Combined	CV
1989/90	30,657	0.142			33,096	0.179	33,096	0.179
1991/92	30,893	0.181			33,351	0.211	33,351	0.211
1993/94	26,887	0.187	24,845	0.273	29,026	0.216	27,097	0.170
1995/96	22,848	0.159	62,523	0.463	24,666	0.193	25,660	0.183
1997/98	18,761	0.206	14,663	0.729	20,253	0.233	19,342	0.223
1999/00	40,961	0.175	48,151	0.194	44,220	0.206	46,145	0.141

Area V								
year	SSV	CV	SV	CV	Pseudo SV	CV	Combined	CV
1990/91	110,031	0.133			118,785	0.172	118,785	0.172
1992/93	59,816	0.235	120,077	0.248	64,575	0.259	77,858	0.187
1994/95	81,367	0.305	157,260	0.318	87,841	0.323	104,792	0.236
1996/97	95,019	0.245	122,968	0.432	102,578	0.268	106,878	0.228
1998/99	124,240	0.167	100,404	0.288	134,125	0.200	118,570	0.166
2000/01	96,608	0.136	97,763	0.432	104,294	0.174	103,274	0.162

Table 12. Estimated trend in Areas IV and V. Confidential interval of trend obtained from combined abundance estimate was estimated by using Monte Carlo method.

Area		trend	confidence interval	
Area IV	SV	2.71%	- 52.34%	121.35%
	SSV	- 0.30%	- 9.80%	10.20%
	combined	- 0.04%	- 4.32%	2.90%
Area V	SV	- 4.21%	- 11.39%	3.56%
	SSV	2.45%	- 6.23%	11.94%
	combined	0.83%	- 2.44%	4.19%

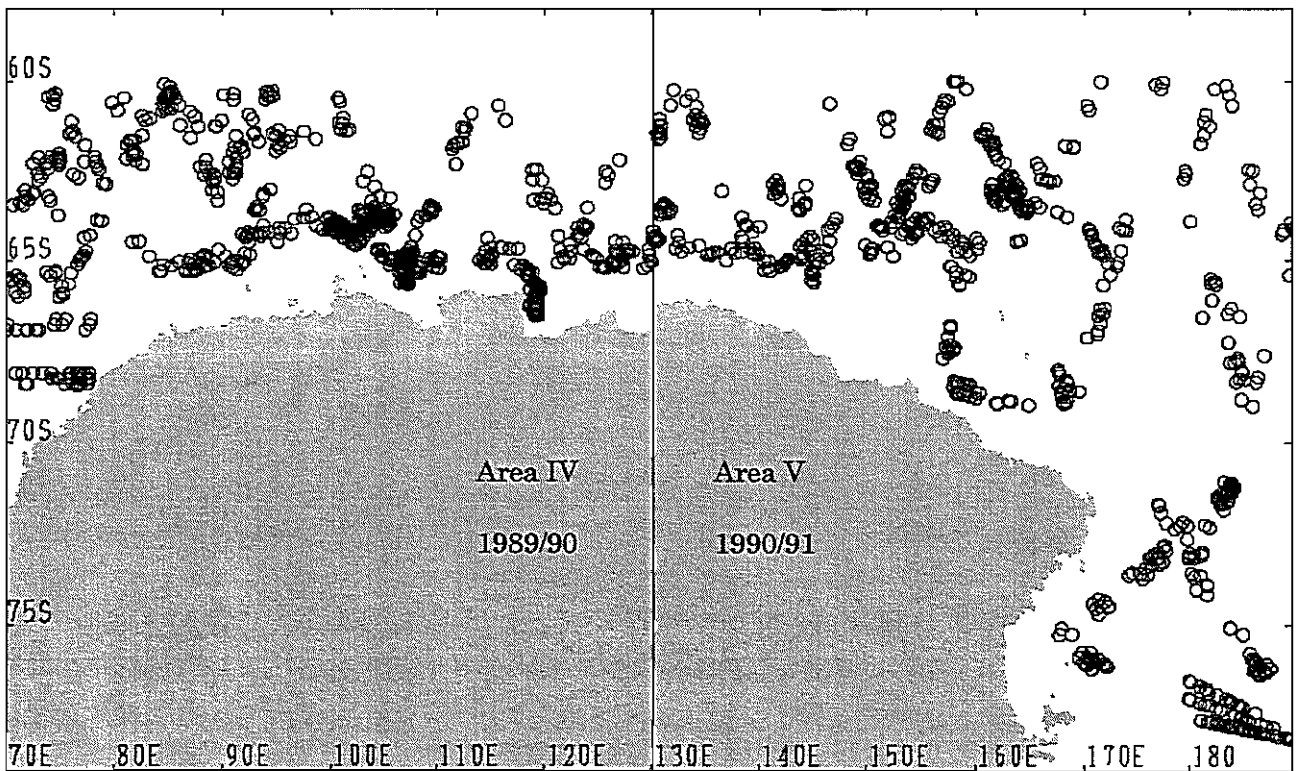
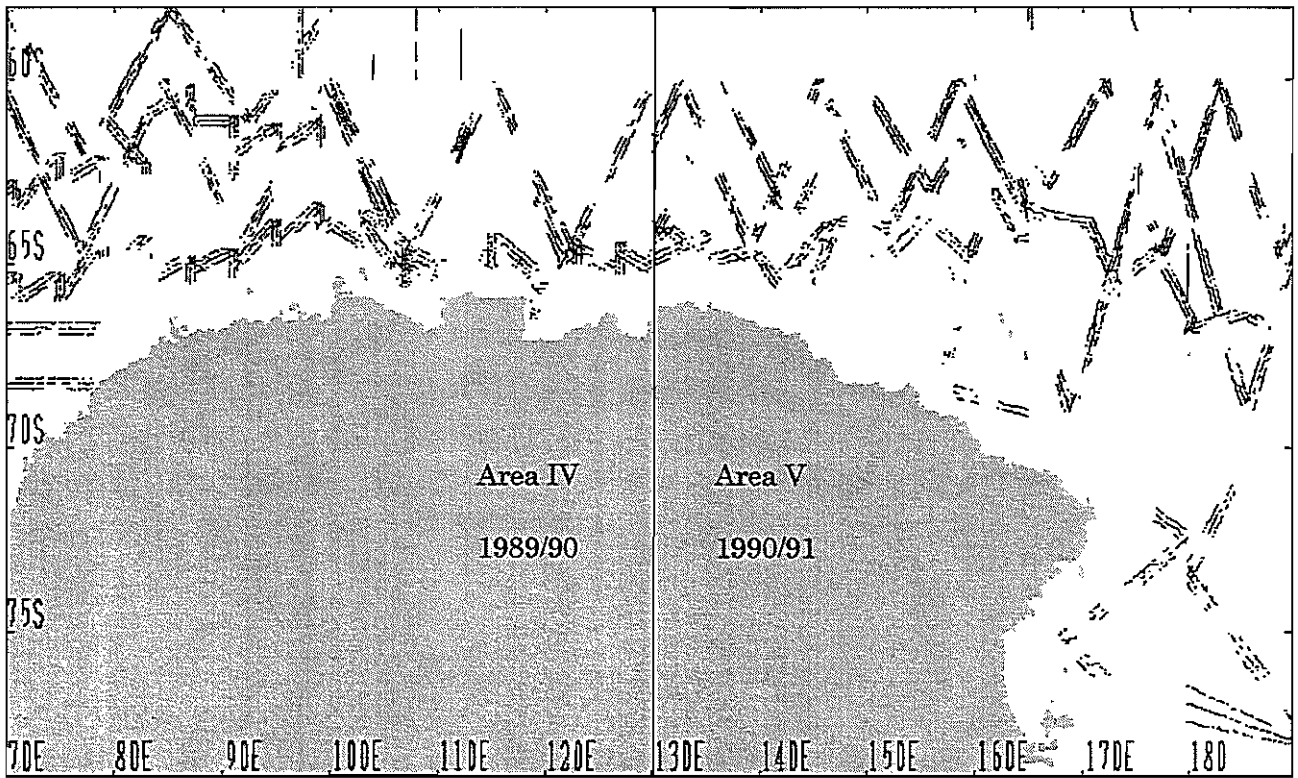


Fig. 1-a. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1989/90 and 1990/91 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

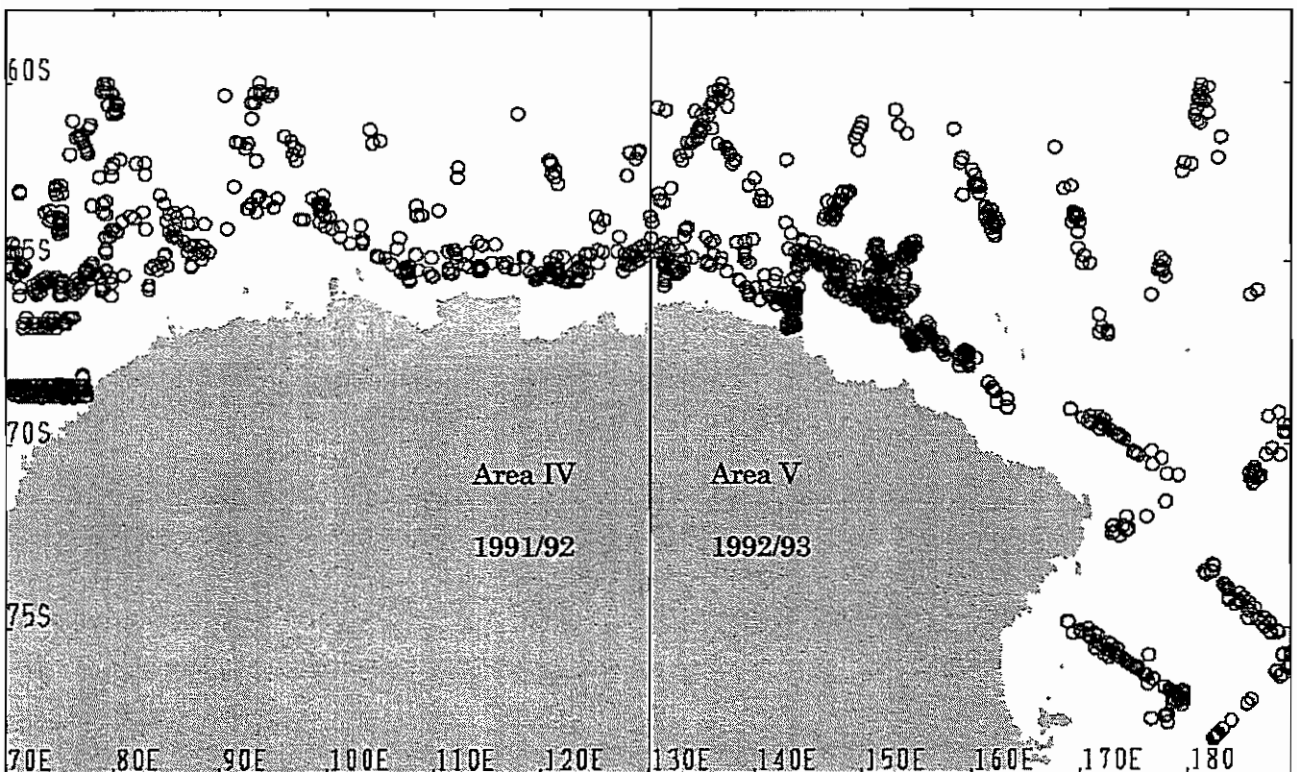
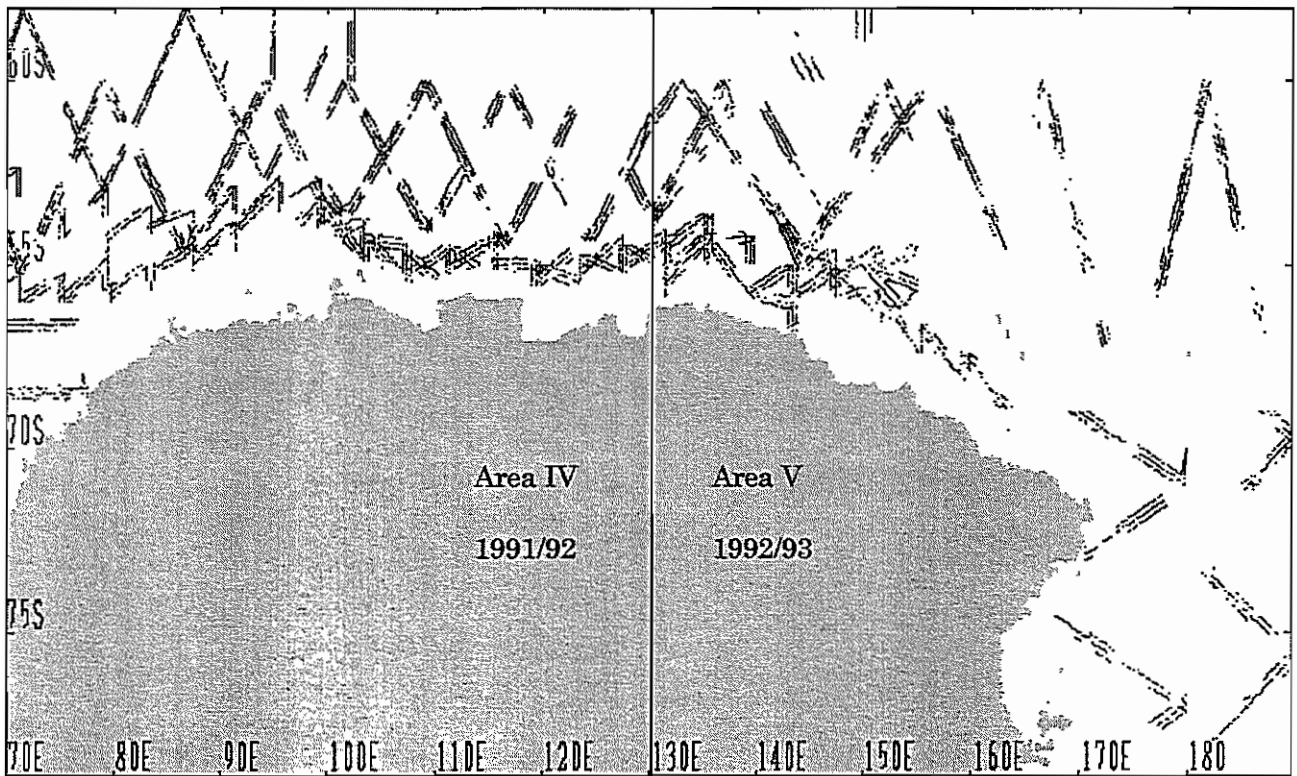


Fig. 1-b. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1991/92 and 1992/93 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

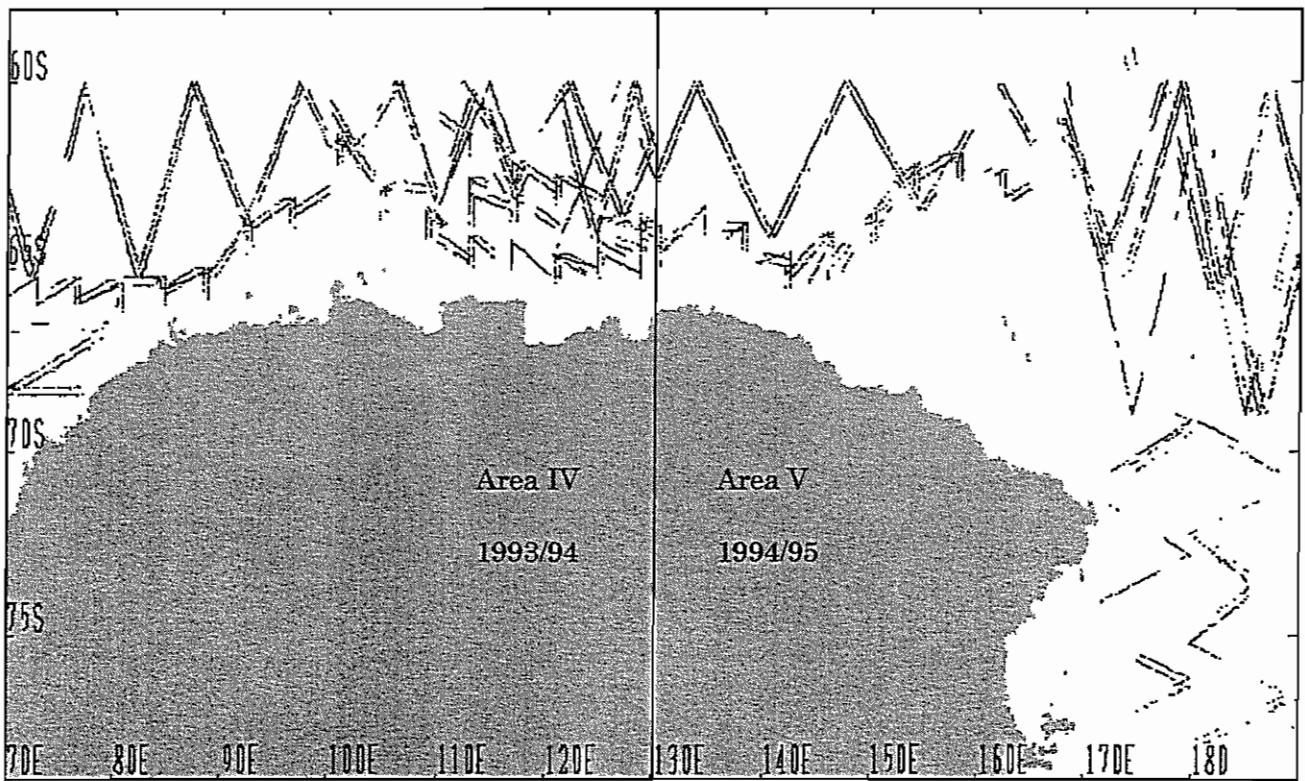


Fig. 1-c. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1993/94 and 1994/95 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

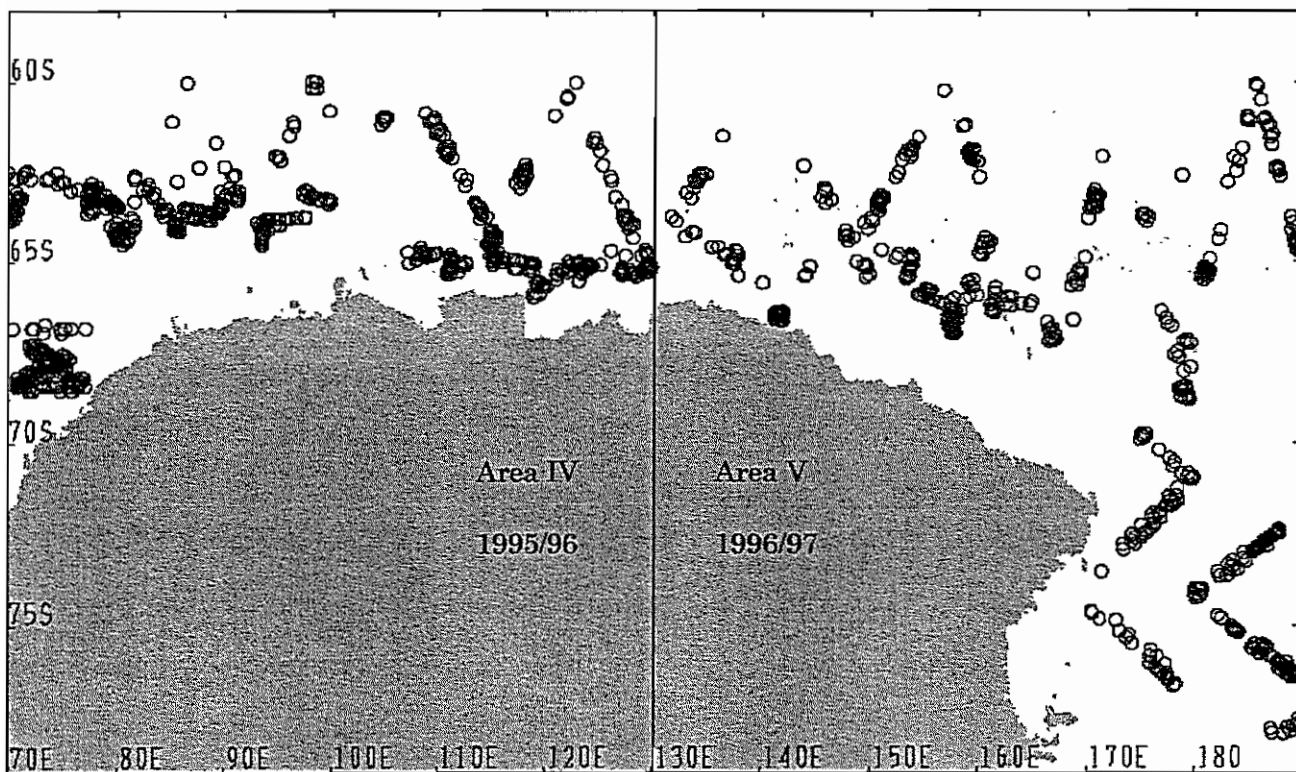
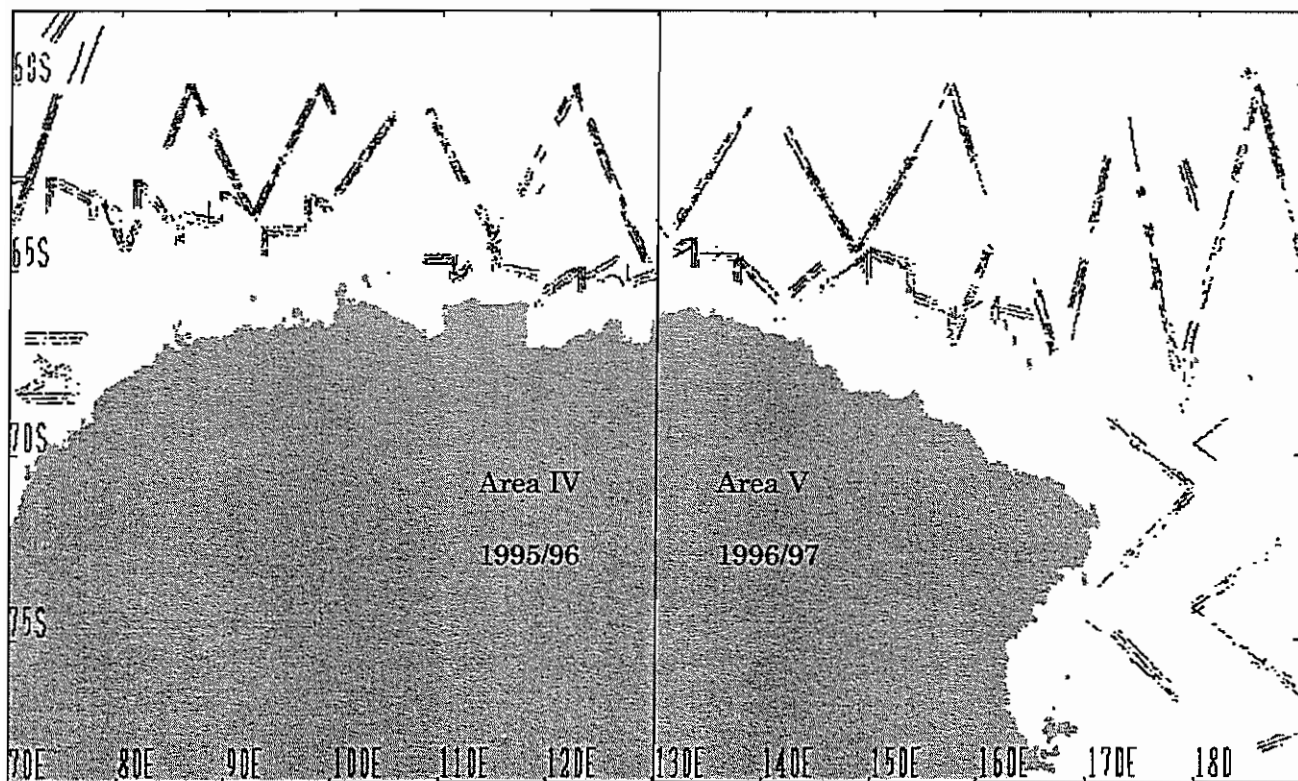


Fig. 1-d. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1995/96 and 1996/97 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

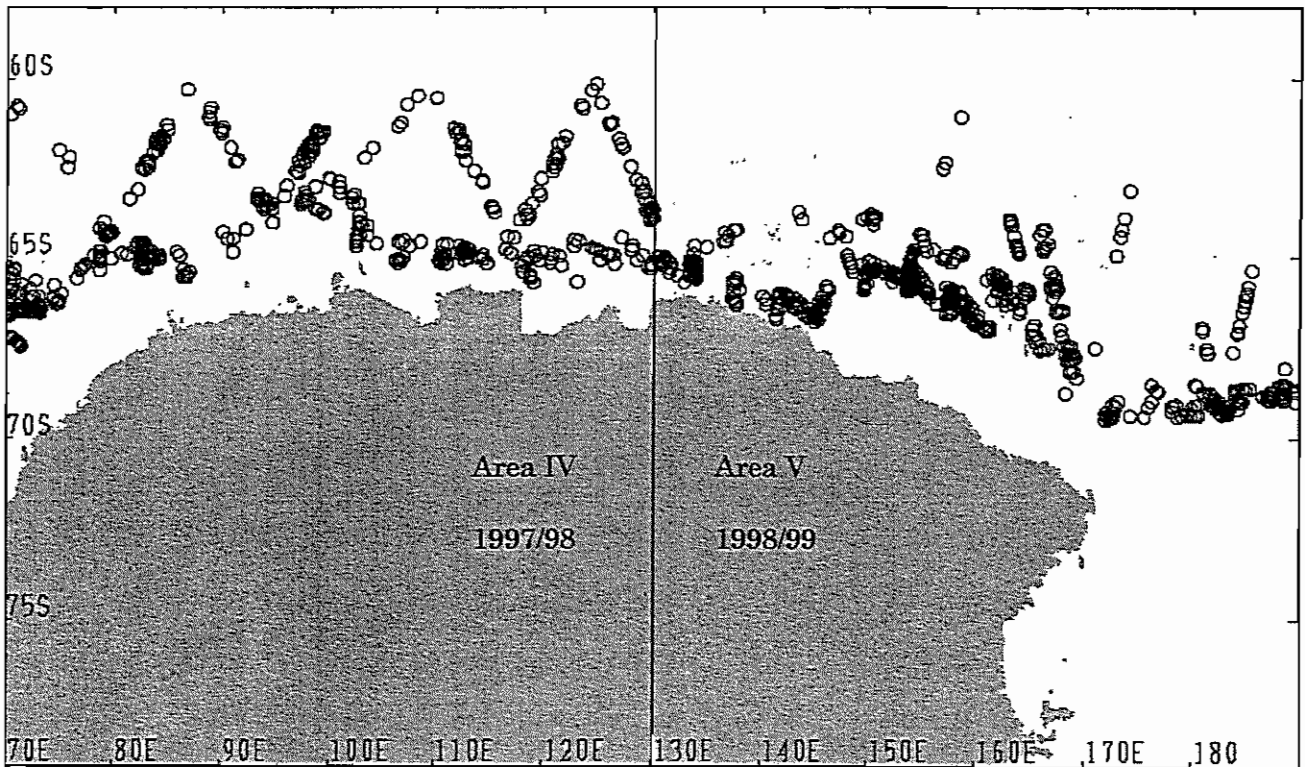
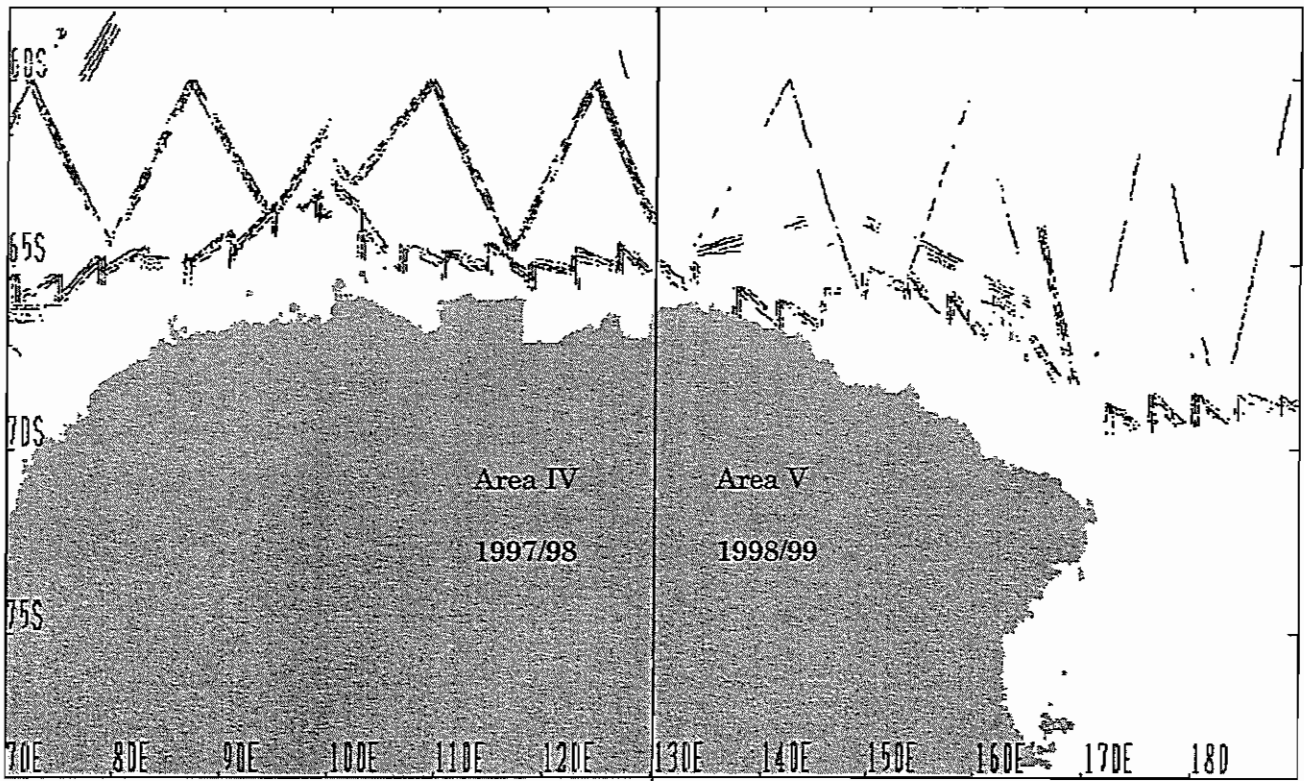


Fig. 1-e. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1997/98 and 1998/99 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

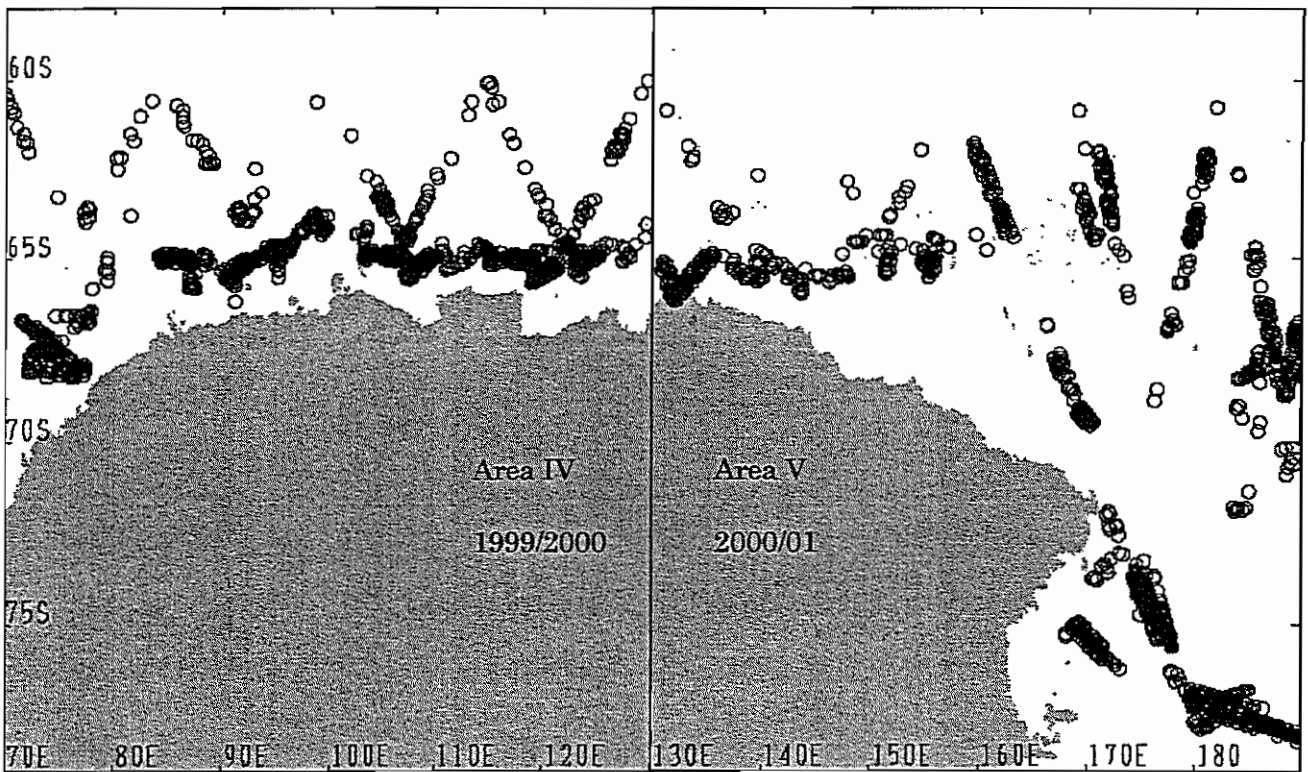
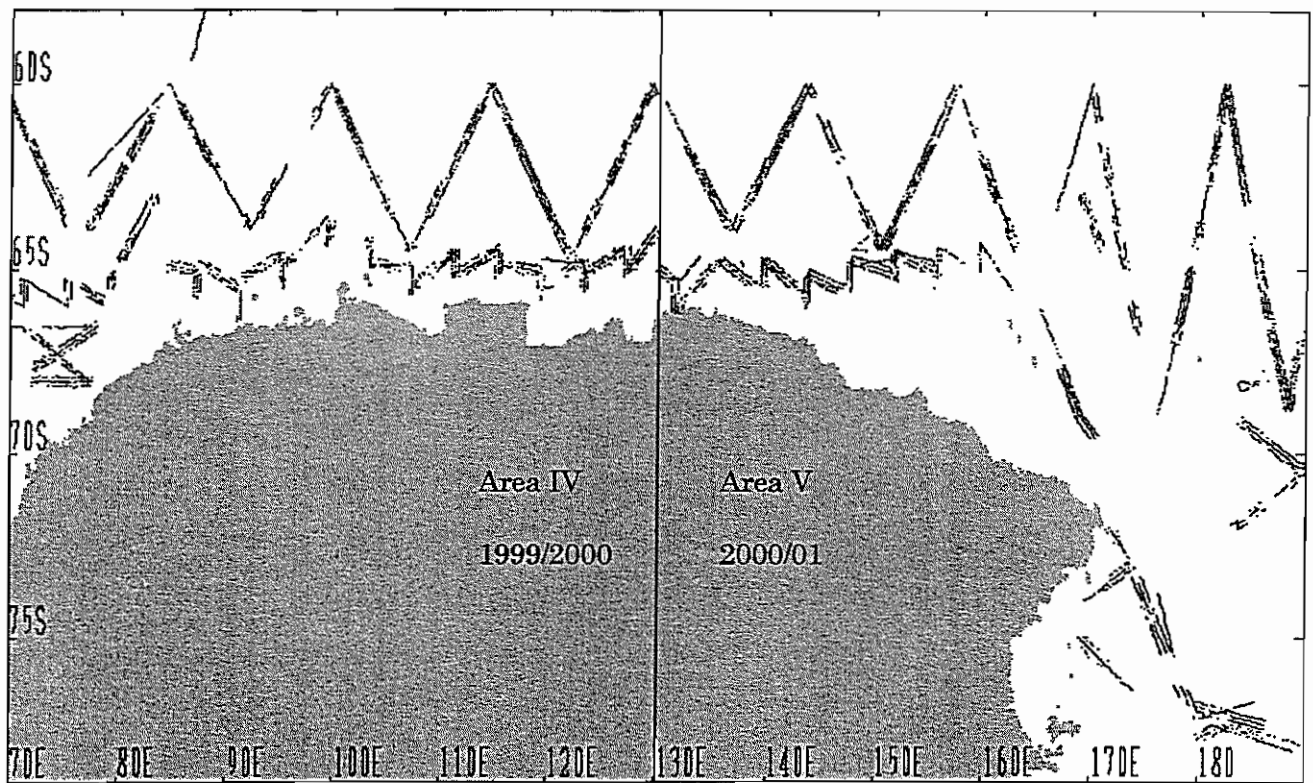


Fig. 1-f. Distribution of searching effort and primary sightings of minke whales in 1999/00 and 2000/01 JARPA survey. Gray zone is Antarctic continent.

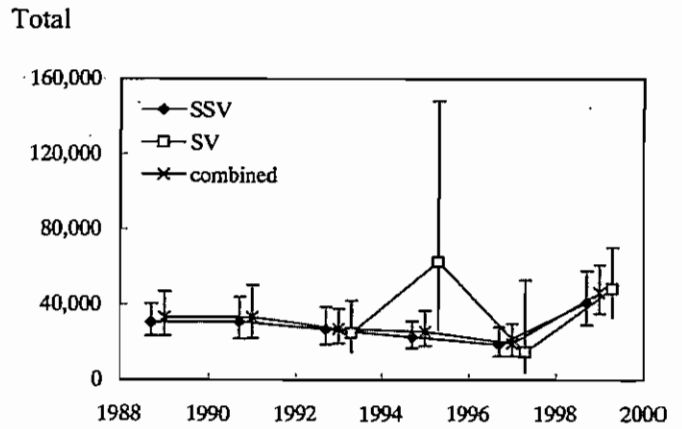
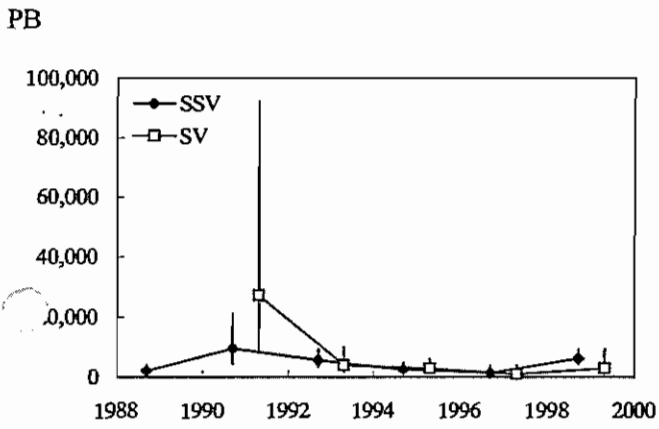
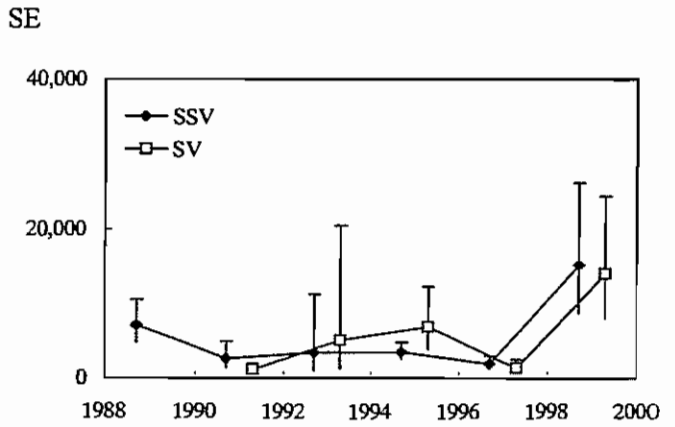
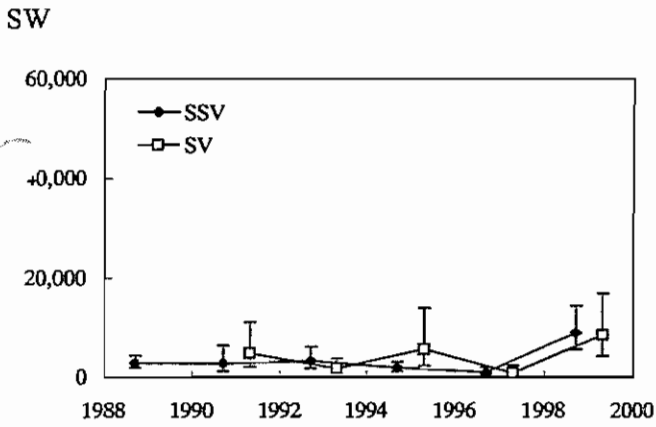
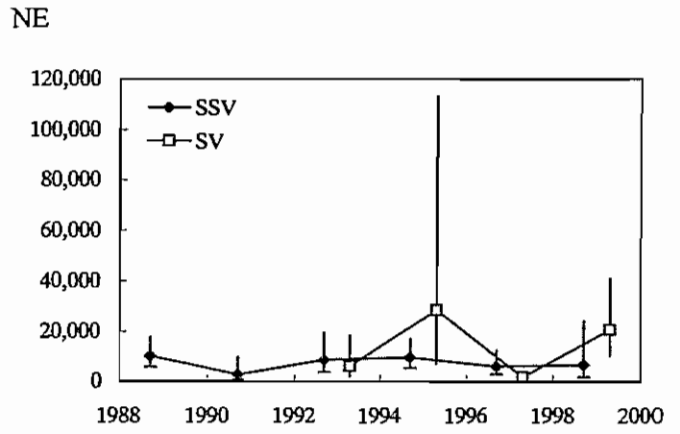
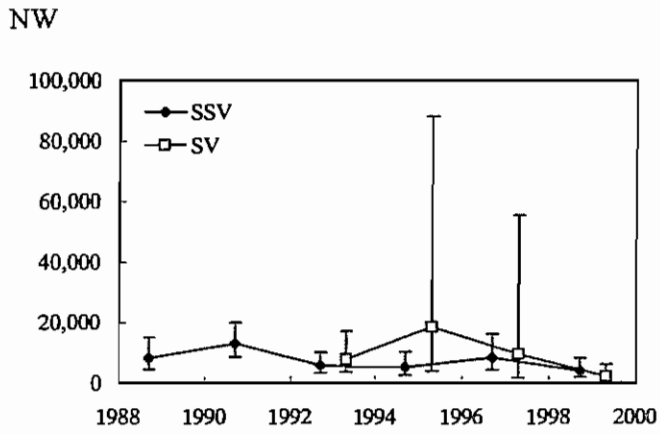
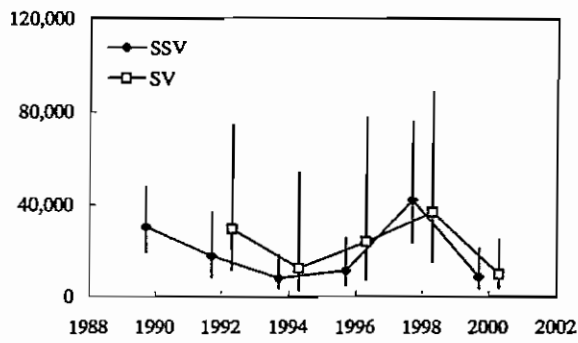
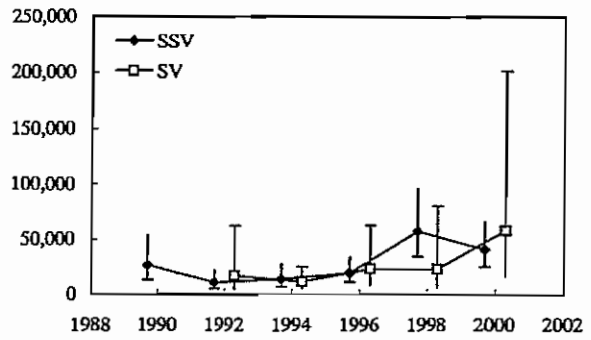


Fig. 2a. Comparison of abundance estimates of minke whales using SSV data with that using SV data in Area IV (south of 60° S) from 1989/90 to 1999/2000 seasons. Vertical lines represent 95% confidential interval.

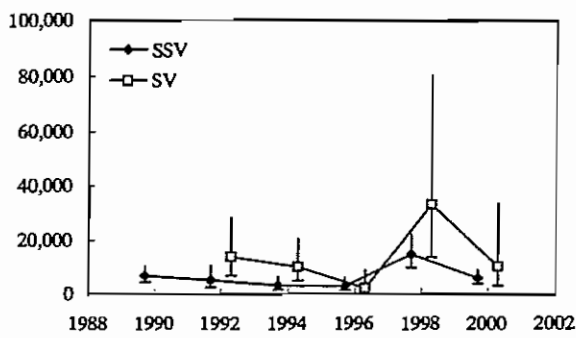
NW



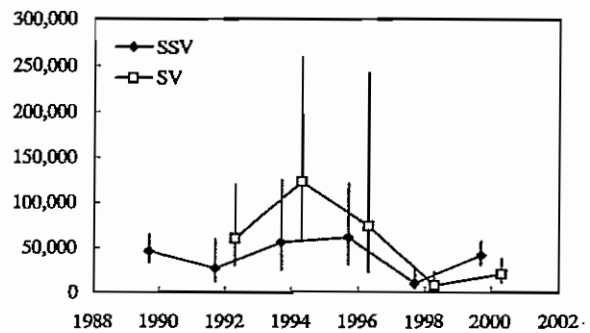
NE



SW



SE



Total

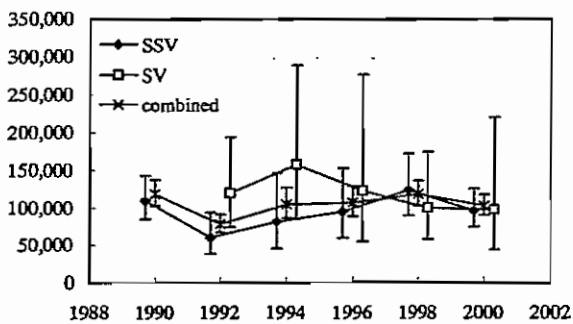


Fig. 2b. Comparison of abundance estimates of minke whales using SSV data with that using SV data in Area V (south of 60° S) from 1990/91 to 2000/01 seasons. Vertical lines represent 95% confidential interval.

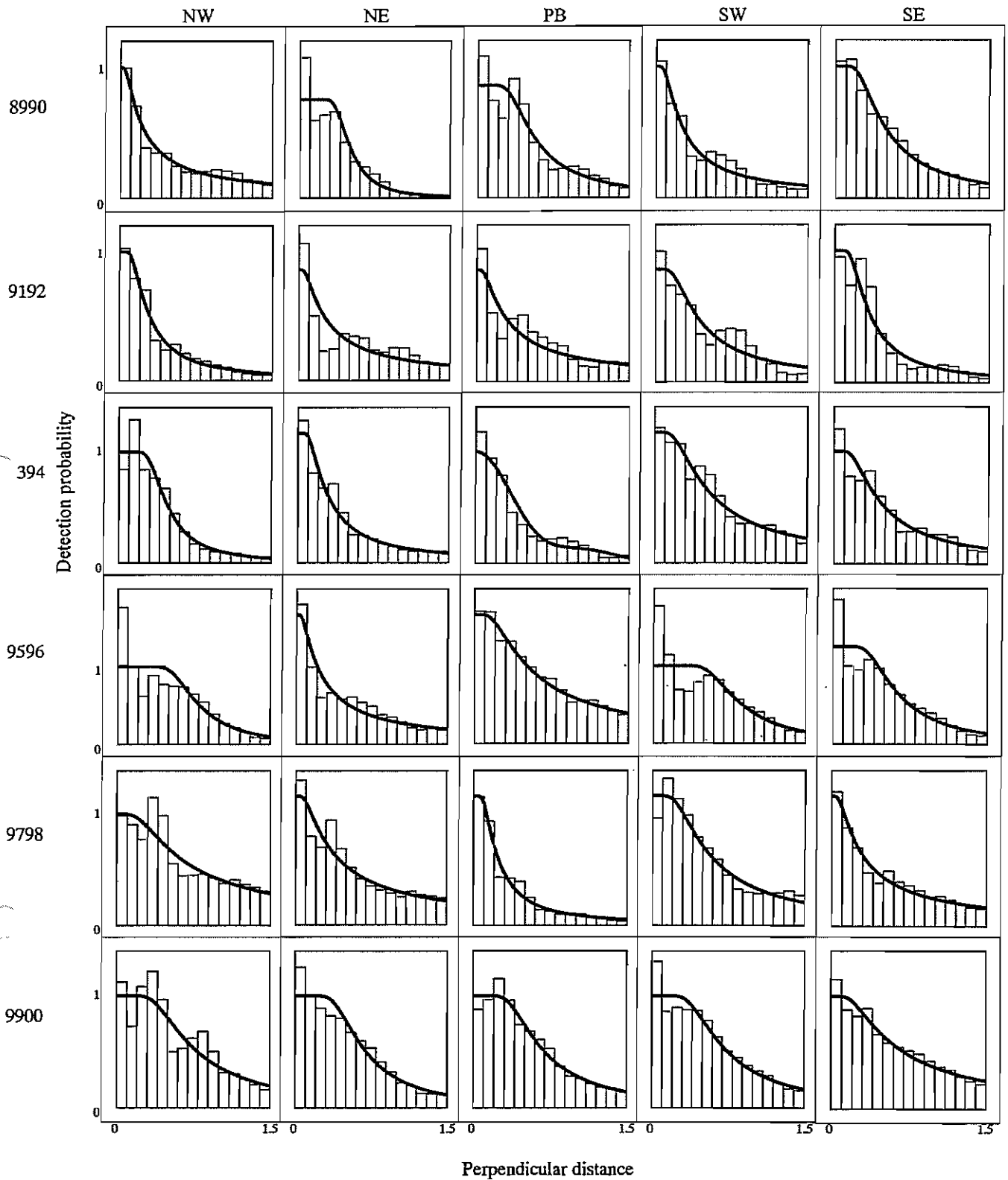


Fig. 3a. Detection probability function of minke whale for each stratum in Area IV surveyed by SSVs from 1989/90 to 1999/2000 seasons.

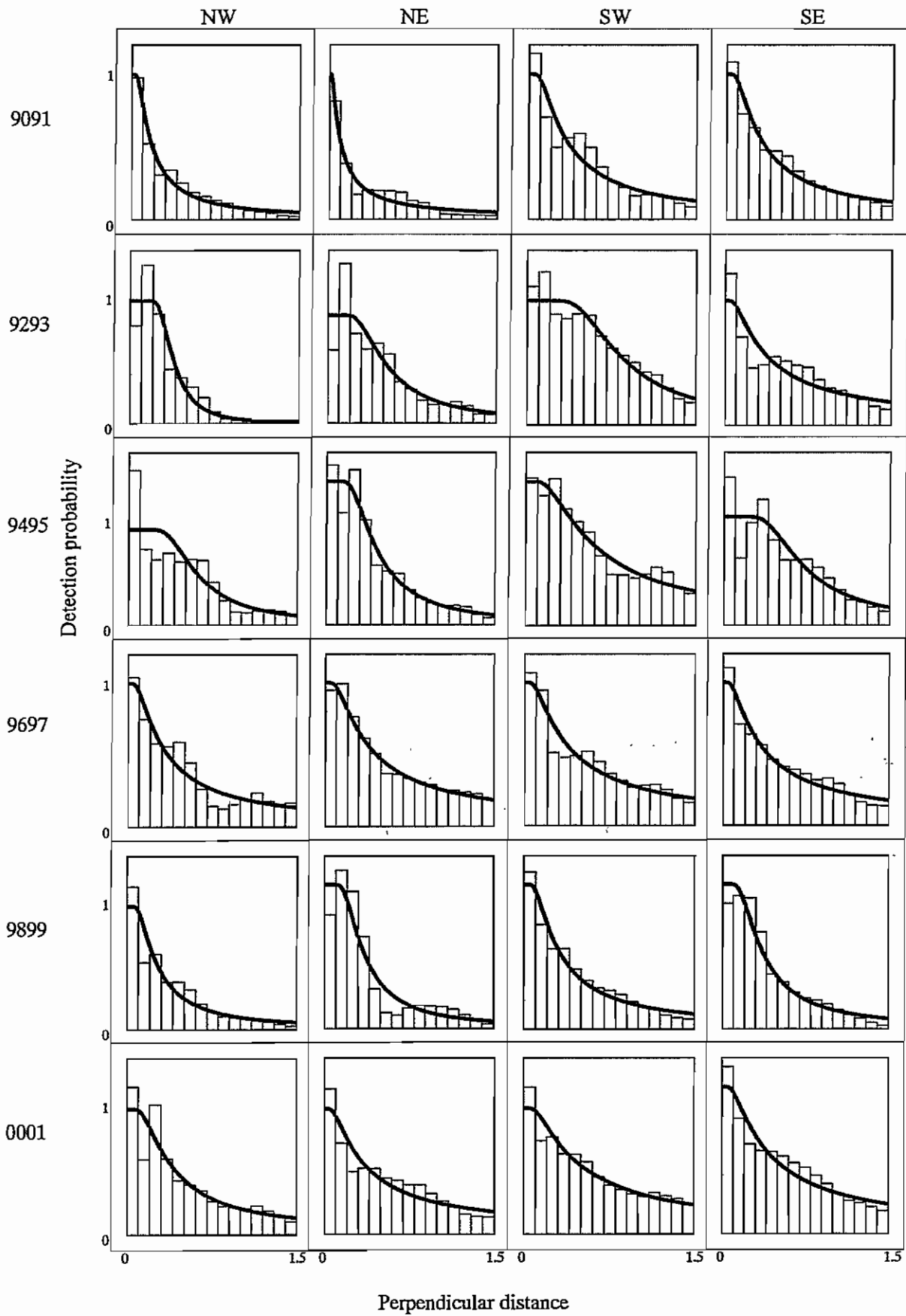


Fig. 3b. Detection probability function of minke whale for each stratum in Area V surveyed by SSVs from 1990/90 to 2000/01 seasons.

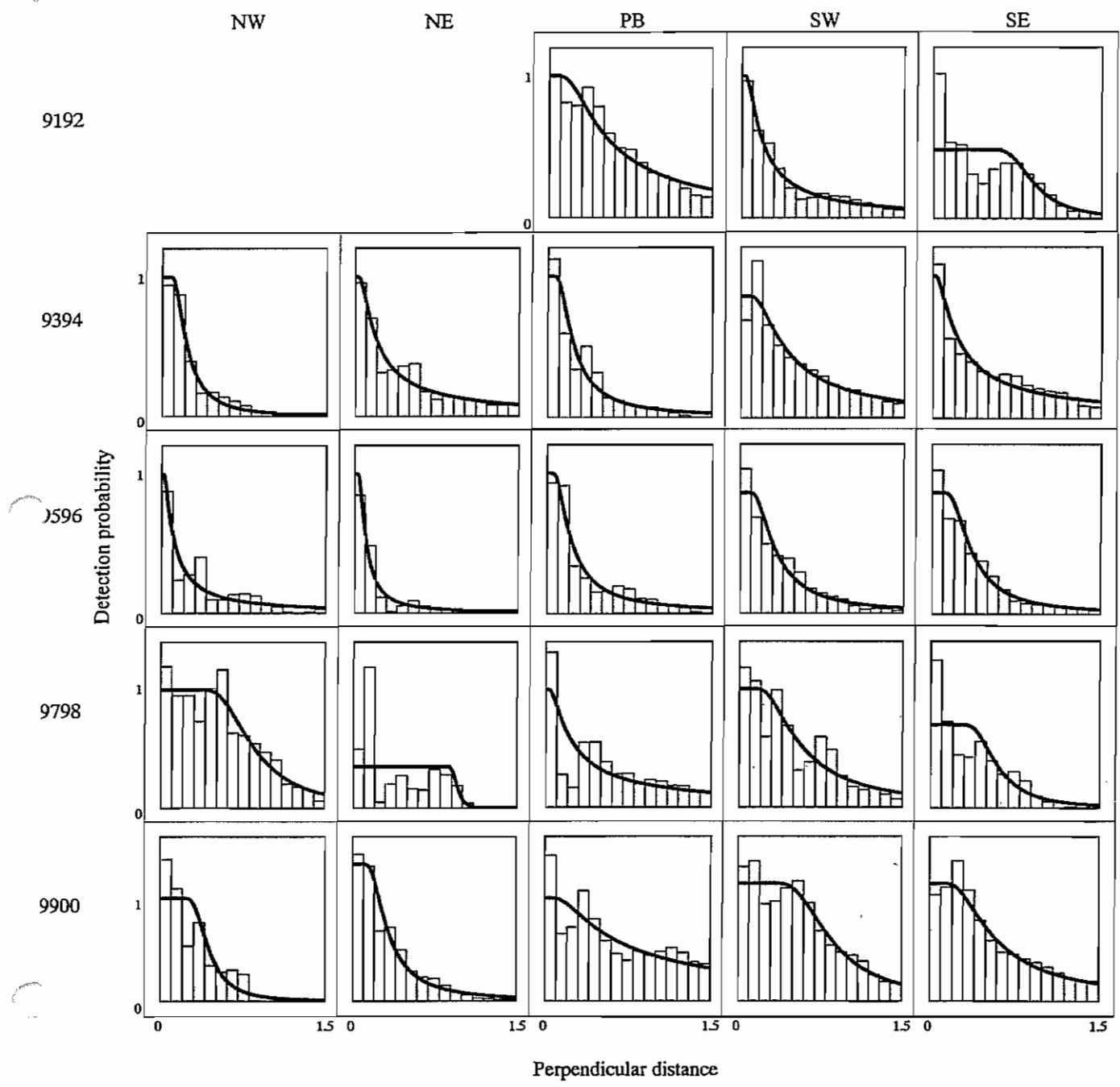


Fig. 3c. Detection probability function of minke whale for each stratum in Area IV surveyed by SV from 1989/90 to 1999/2000 seasons. In 1991/92 season, NW and NE strata was not surveyed by SV.

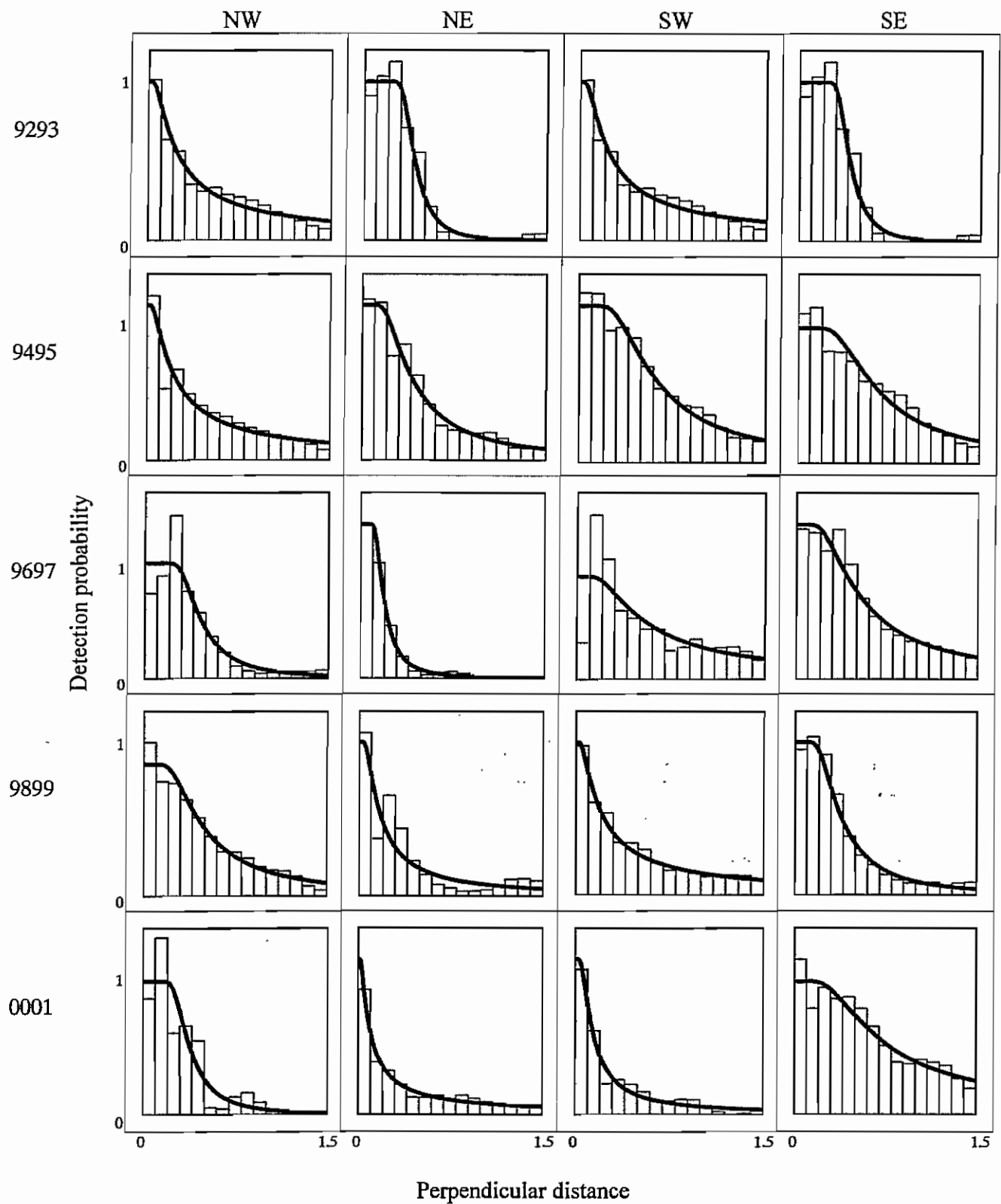


Fig. 3d. Detection probability function of minke whale for each stratum in Area V surveyed by SV from 1990/90 to 2000/01 seasons.

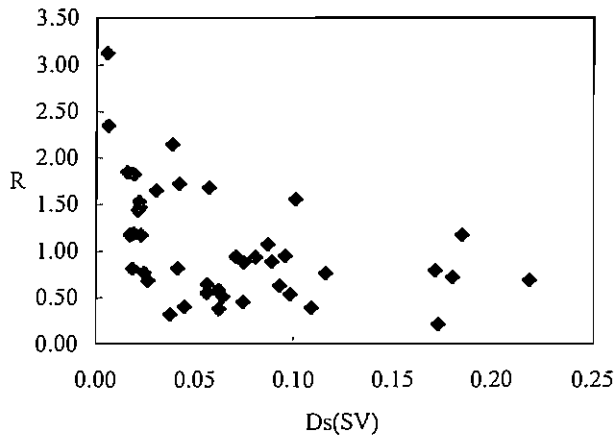


Fig. 4a. Relation between R and Ds (SSV)

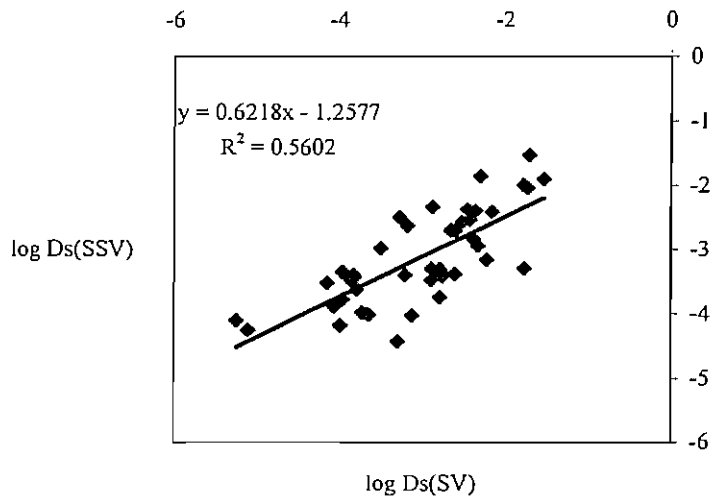


Fig. 4b. Relation between $\log Ds$ (SV) and $\log Ds$ (SSV).

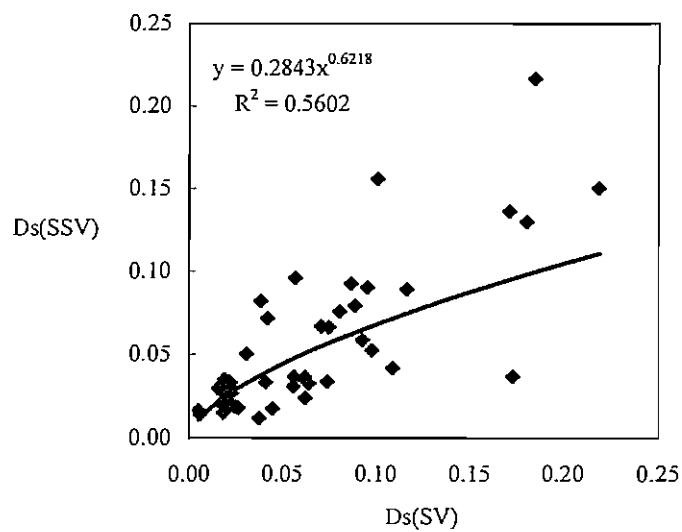


Fig. 4c. Relation between Ds (SV) and Ds (SSV).